

09/857, 465

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NEWS 5 FEB 28 BABS - Current-awareness alerts (SDIs) available
NEWS 6 FEB 28 MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reloaded
NEWS 7 MAR 02 GBFULL: New full-text patent database on STN
NEWS 8 MAR 03 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY - Sequence annotations enhanced
NEWS 9 MAR 03 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 10 MAR 22 KOREPAT now updated monthly; patent information enhanced
NEWS 11 MAR 22 Original IDE display format returns to REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY
NEWS 12 MAR 22 PATDPASPC - New patent database available
NEWS 13 MAR 22 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with experimental property tags
NEWS 14 APR 04 EPFULL enhanced with additional patent information and new fields
NEWS 15 APR 04 EMBASE - Database reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 16 APR 18 New CAS Information Use Policies available online
NEWS 17 APR 25 Patent searching, including current-awareness alerts (SDIs), based on application date in CA/CAplus and USPATFULL/USPAT2 may be affected by a change in filing date for U.S. applications.
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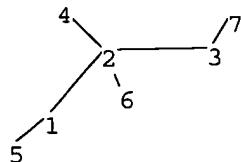
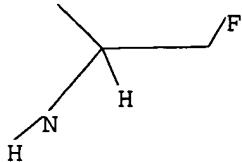
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*****
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added,   *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now      *
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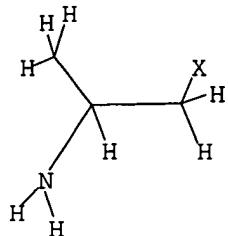
chain nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
chain bonds :
1-2 1-5 2-3 2-4 2-6 3-7
exact/norm bonds :
1-2
exact bonds :
1-5 2-3 2-4 2-6 3-7

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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query
L1 STR



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=> s 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 15:41:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 11760 TO ITERATE

8.5% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 228703 TO 241697
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:41:48 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 233651 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 233651 ITERATIONS 15 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

L3 15 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 May 2005 (20050520/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13
L4 28 L3

=> d 14 1-28 abs ibib hitstr

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB New chiral mono- and bicyclic β -sultams, valuable building blocks for drug synthesis, have been prepared from L-Ala, L-Val, L-Ieu, L-Ile, L-Phe, L-Cys, L-Ser, L-Thr, and D-Asparagine by transformation of the CO₂H group into a methylsulfonylchloride function, followed by cyclization under basic conditions. Selected properties, derivs., and reactions of the β -sultams are described.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:177034 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:357135

TITLE: Properties and reactions of substituted 1,2-thiazetidine 1,1-dioxides: Chiral mono- and bicyclic 1,2-thiazetidine 1,1-dioxides from α -amino acids

AUTHOR(S): Meinzer, Alexander; Breckel, Andreas; Thaler, Bassam; Abu Mancone, Nico; Otto, Hans-Hartwig

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutical/Medicinal Chemistry, Institute of Pharmacy, University of Greifswald, Greifswald, D-17487, Germany

SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (2004), 87(1), 90-105

PUBLISHER: CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta

LANGUAGE: English

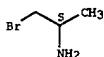
IT 53862-15-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of chiral mono- and bicyclic 1,2-thiazetidine 1,1-dioxides from α -amino acids)

RN 53862-15-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

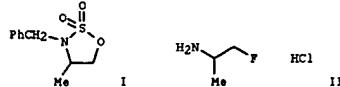
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HBr

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



AB N-benzyl [1,2,3]-oxathiazolidine 2,2-dioxides, e.g. I, (cyclic sulfamidates) were synthesized from their corresponding β -amino alcs. and used as substrates in fluorination reactions with tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF). After desulfonation of the intermediates, the N-benzyl fluoroamines were debenzylyzed by transfer hydrogenolysis with Pd/C to yield (S) and (R)-2-amino-1-fluoropropane hydrochloride salts (II, both with 95% ee). The reactions were carried out on multi-gram scale without the need for chromatog. purification of the intermediates. In the presence of carbonate, the (S)- and (R)-N-benzylfluoroamines underwent intramol. cyclizations in which fluoride was displaced to yield cyclic carbamates III and IV.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:370219 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:232363

TITLE: Fluoroamines via chiral cyclic sulfamidates

AUTHOR(S): Posakony, Jeffrey J.; Tewson, Timothy J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Radiology Imaging Research Laboratory, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 98195, USA

SOURCE: Synthesis (2002), (6), 766-770

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:232363

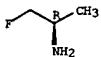
IT 273734-17-1P 458560-63-9P 459167-94-3P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (fluoroamines via chiral cyclic sulfamidates)

RN 273734-17-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro-, hydrochloride, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

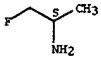
L4 ANSWER 2 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



● HCl

RN 458560-63-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro-, hydrochloride, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



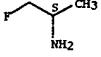
● HCl

RN 459167-94-3 CAPLUS
 CN Formic acid, compd. with (2S)-1-fluoro-2-propanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 459167-93-2
 CMF C3 H8 F N

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

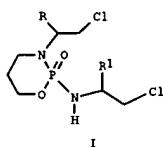


CM 2

CRN 64-18-6
 CMF C H2 O2

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



AB Three analogs of the cytostatic drug ifosfamide incorporating 1-methyl-2-chloroethyl side chains I (R = H, Me, R1 = Me, R1 = H) were designed and prepared as an attempt to obtain drugs of lower toxicity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:7795670 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:85870

TITLE: Synthesis of side-chain-substituted ifosfamide analogs
 AUTHOR(S): Paci, Angelo; Guillaume, Dominique; Husson, Henri-Philippe

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Chimie therapeutique, UMR 8638 du CNRS, Faculte des Sciences Pharmaceutiques et Biologiques, Paris, 75006, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (2001), 38(5), 1131-1134

PUBLISHER: CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X

DOCUMENT TYPE: HeteroCorporation

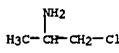
LANGUAGE: Journal

OTHER SOURCE(S): English

IT 5968-21-8P, 1-Methyl-2-chloroethylamine hydrochloride
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and alkylation of chlorooxazaphosphorine oxide with)

RN 5968-21-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Analogs of arachidonyl ethanolamide (anandamide) are provided which have higher affinities for the cannabinoid CB1 and/or CB2 receptor sites. Further, most of the analogs exhibit greater metabolic stability than arachidonyl ethanolamide. The improved receptor affinity and selectivity and/or greater metabolic stability make these analogs therapeutically useful as medications for relief of pain caused by cancer and nausea caused by chemotherapy, as well as for peripheral pain. The compds. may also be useful as oral and topical contraceptives, in suppression of the immune system, enhancement of appetite and in treatment of psychomotor disorders, multiple sclerosis and hypertension.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:383939 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:26865

TITLE: Cannabinimetic arachidonyl ethanolamide (anandamide) derivatives as useful medications, and preparation thereof

INVENTOR(S): Makriyannis, Alexandros; Khanolkar, Atmaram; Gkotopoulos, Andreas

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000032200	A1	20000609	WO 1999-US28136	19991124
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TH, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1049474	A1	20001108	EP 1999-961838	19991124
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				

PRIORITY APPN. INFO.: US 1998-109615P P 19981124

WO 1999-US28136 W 19991124

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:26865

IT 273734-17-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction): cannabinimetic arachidonyl ethanolamide derivative preparation
 for
 useful medication)

RN 273734-17-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro-, hydrochloride, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Conformational geometry changes associated with torsional motion about C-C single bonds are reported for 47 basic organic molcs. of the type $(XYZ)C-C(X'Y'Z')$, and for the $\phi\psi_{i,j}$ space of model dipeptides (N -acetyl N' -methylamides of glycine and alanine). All structures were determined by ab initio HF/4-21G geometry optimizations. Using natural

atomic parameters, a program was written for use in empirical modeling-parameter development, which calcns. the bond lengths and angles of the reported compds., as functions of the associated torsional angles at any point in conformational space. The additivity of the conformational-geometry functions is explored, and illustrates how cooperative effects emerge in complex molcs. The results are instructive for procedures in which the properties of mol. fragments are used to derive force-field parameters for the empirical modeling of complex molcs.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:666340 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:346003

TITLE: Conformational geometry functions: additivity and cooperative effects

AUTHOR(S): Schaefer, Lothar; Cao, Ming; Ramek, Michael; Teppen, Brian J.; Newton, Susan Q.; Siam, Khemis

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, AR, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Structure (1997), 413-414,

175-204

CODEN: JMOB4; ISSN: 0022-2860

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

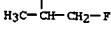
LANGUAGE: English

IT 66679-45-6, 2-Propanamine, 1-Fluoro-

RL: PRP (Properties)
 (additivity and cooperative effects in conformational geometry functions for small org molcs. by HF MO)

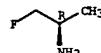
RN 66679-45-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



● HC1

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Title compds. $\text{H}_2\text{NC}\text{HR}\text{CHR}1\text{SC}(:\text{NH})\text{NH}_2\cdot 2\text{HBr}$ [R = H, Me, Pr; R1 = H, Me], which possess antiactinic activity, are prepared by reaction of $\text{H}_2\text{NC}\text{HR}\text{CHR}1\text{Br}\cdot \text{HBr}$ with thioureas in an anhydrous organic solvent under heating, with isolation of

product by repeated recrystn. from 1:1 EtOAc/EtOH mixture, and repeated boiling in anhydrous Me2CO. In particular, the anhydrous organic reaction solvent

is specified as a 5:1.2 EtOAc/EtOH mixture

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:995131 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:86380

TITLE: Dihydrobromides of S-(2-aminoalkyl)- or S-(1-amino-2-propyl)isothioureas possessing antiactinic activity and method of their preparation

INVENTOR(S): Mandrusin, A. A.; Fedoseev, V. M.; Tarasenko, A. G.; Nekrasova, I. V.; Gintsburg, E. P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MGU im.M.V.Lomonossova, Russia

SOURCE: U.S.S.R. From: Izobrenetiyi 1995, (4), 241.

CODEN: URXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Russian

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
SU 577785	A1	19950209	SU 1975-2115876	19750319

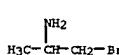
PRIORITY APPN. INFO.: CASREACT 124:86380

IT 2403-31-8, 2-Amino-1-bromopropane hydrobromide

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (starting material); preparation of S-aminoalkyl and S-aminopropyl isothioureas dihydrobromides with antiactinic activity

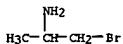
RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



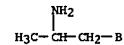
● HBr

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Reaction of 2-chloropropylamine hydrochloride (I) with 10% pyrrolidine ($\text{NH}_2\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2\text{NR}_2$) in benzene in presence of K_2CO_3 afforded $\text{NH}_2\text{CHMeCH}_2\text{NR}_2 + \text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NR}_2$ in ratio of 1:3, resp. Since the analogous reaction of 2-amino-1-bromopropane hydrobromide afforded exclusively $\text{NH}_2\text{CHMeCH}_2\text{NR}_2$, the formation of $\text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NR}_2$ reflects direct nucleophilic substitution on substrate I. Mixing is of extreme importance, as it prevents accumulation of dissolved ammonium salt leading to structures $\text{NH}_2\text{CHMeCH}_2\text{NR}_2$.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:400781 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:290797
 TITLE: Direct nucleophilic substitution on 2-haloalkylamines: a novel method to synthesize substituted ethylenediamines
 AUTHOR(S): Chechik, V. O.; Bobylev, V. A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Ross. Nauchn. Tsentr. "Prikadnaya Khimiya", St. Petersburg, Russia
 SOURCE: Zhurnal Obschchei Khimii (1994), 64(10), 1685-7
 CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X
 PUBLISHER: Nauka
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 122:290797
 IT 2403-31-8, 2-Amino-1-bromopropane hydrobromide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of substituted ethylenediamines via direct nucleophilic substitution reaction on 2-haloalkylamines)
 RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

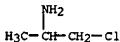


● HBr

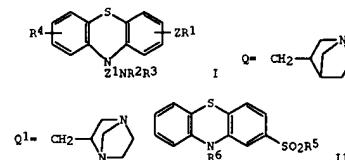
L4 ANSWER 8 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The kinetics of cyclization of 5-halopentylamines in DMSO -water mixts. have been studied and compared with previously reported data on the cyclization of 2-haloalkylamines. The results prove the transition state of the latter reaction to be later and consequently more polar. Specifically solvating and polar solvents would therefore favor the formation of 3-membered rings as compared to unstrained medium-sized ones. This conclusion makes it possible to determine the conditions under which direct nucleophilic substitution on 2-haloalkylamines does successfully compete with the intramol. formation of aziridines.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:533363 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:133363
 TITLE: Competition between three-membered-ring formation and intermolecular substitution: solvent effect
 AUTHOR(S): Chechik, Victor O.; Bobylev, Vladimir A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Russian Sci. Cent. "Prikadnaja Khimiya", St. Petersburg, 197198, Russia
 SOURCE: Journal of Chemical Research, Synopses (1994), (7), 256-7
 CODEN: JRPSDC; ISSN: 0308-2342
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 72696-68-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (substitution reaction of, with cyclic amines, solvent effect on)
 RN 72696-68-5 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 9 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB A kinetic study of the cyclization of $\text{MeCHClCH}_2\text{NH}_2$ and $\text{MeCH}(\text{NH}_2)\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ to 2-methylaziridine in aqueous NaOH or aqueous ethylenediamine indicated an A2 mechanism with a late transition state. The lower cyclization ability of $\text{Cl}(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{NH}_2$ resulted from an entropic factor.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:514451 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:114451
 TITLE: Study of the kinetics and mechanism of cyclization of chloropropylamines
 AUTHOR(S): Chernitskii, K. V.; Bobylev, V. A.; Veselkov, N. Yu.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Gos. Inst. Prikl. Khim., Leningrad, USSR
 SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1990), 60(3), 625-32
 CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 IT 37143-56-9, 2-Amino-1-chloropropane
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (cyclization of, kinetics of)
 RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



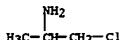
L4 ANSWER 10 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN



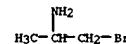
AB The title compds. [I]; $\text{R}_1 = \text{an acidic group other than a monocarboxylic acid group, having acidity } >\text{CO}_2\text{H}$; $\text{R}_2, \text{R}_3 = \text{H, alky, R}_2\text{NR}_3 = \text{heterocyclic; R}_4 = \text{H, (halo)alkyl, alkoxy, halo, HO}_2\text{CZ; Z} = \text{bivalent, aliphatic hydrocarbon group, bonds Z1 = alkylene; R}_2\text{RNZ1 = Q, Q}_1$ and their esters and amides were prepared. Thus, 4,3-C1(O2N)C6H3SO2NMe2 and 2-BrC6H4SC6H4 were refluxed in ethanolic NaOH to give 95% 2-BrC6H4SC6H4 (NO2)SO2NMe2-2,4 which was reduced to the amine (84%) with Fe powder in EtOH/HOAc. The latter was cyclized by refluxing with Cu bronze and K_2CO_3 in DMF to give phenothiazinesulfonamide II ($\text{R}_5 = \text{Me}_2\text{N, R}_6 = \text{H}$). This was alkylated with $\text{Me}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{Cl}$ and deamidated by heating with Na in $\text{Me}_2\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{ONa}$ to give III [$\text{R}_5 = \text{OH, R}_6 = \text{Me}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_3$] (III). III is a histamine receptor antagonist with $\text{pA}_2 = 7.8$ in the isolated guinea pig ileum test.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:148893 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:148893
 TITLE: Phenothiazine compounds
 INVENTOR(S): Leighton, Harry Jefferson; Gillies, Iain
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 43 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXIW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

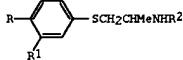
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 163551	A1	19851204	EP 1985-303875	19850531
EP 163551	B1	19920812		
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI				
SU 1731052	A3	19920430	SU 1984-3829883	19841227
US 4705854	A	19871110	US 1985-738846	19850528
JP 61044884	A2	19860304	JP 1985-118690	19850531
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IT 37143-56-9			GB 1984-13915	A 19840531
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (alkylation by, of phenothiazines)				
RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS				
CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



L4 ANSWER 11 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The title compound (**I**) was prepared from Me_3COOC and NaO_2CH in the presence of 18-crown-6. It was a very useful reagent for the N-formylation of amines. Even amines which are unstable when deprotonated can be formylated.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:88790 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:88790
TITLE: Trimethylacetic formic anhydride. Improved preparation and use as a highly efficient and selective N-formylating reagent
AUTHOR(S): Vlietstra, Edward J.; Zwikker, Jan W.; Nolte, Roeland J. M.; Drent, Wiendelt
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Org. Chem., Univ. Utrecht, Utrecht, 3522 AD, Neth.
SOURCE: Recueil: Journal of the Royal Netherlands Chemical Society (1982), 101(12), 460-2
CODEN: RJRSDK; ISSN: 0165-0513
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 98:88790
IT 2403-31-8
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (formylation of, with pivalic formic anhydride)
RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HBr

**I**

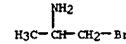
AB Title compds. **I** (R = halo; R_1 = H, halo; R_2 = Me, Et, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$) were prepared and found to have antidiabetic and antidiabetic activity. E.g., reaction of 4-ClC₆H₄SH with ClCH₂COMe gave 4-ClC₆H₄SC₂H₅COMe, which was treated with MeNH_2 , $\text{MeNH}_2\cdot\text{HCl}$ and NaBH_3CN in MeOH to give 1-(4-chlorophenylthio)-2-(methylamino)propane fumarate. Alternatively, N-carboxybenzoyloxy-L-alanine was reduced with LiAlH₄ to S-2-(methylamino)propanol, then treated with SOCl_2 followed by 4-ClC₆H₄SH to give (S)-1-(4-chlorophenylthio)-2-methylaminopropane, isolated as the fumarate.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:562565 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:162565
TITLE: 1-(Phenylthio)-2-aminopropane derivatives and their use
INVENTOR(S): Meguro, Kanji; Matsuo, Takao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 40 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 53015	A1	19820602	EP 1981-305495	19811120
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT				
JP 57098162	A2	19820601	JP 1980-164862	19801121
JP 58004760	A2	19830111	JP 1981-101454	19810629
DK 8201010	A	19821230	DK 1982-1010	19820309
SE 8201618	A	19821230	SE 1982-1618	19820315
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 1980-164862	A 19801121
			JP 1981-101454	A 19810629

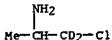
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 97:162565
IT 2403-31-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reaction with chlorothiophenol)
RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



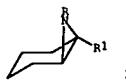
● HBr

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB D-and 180-labeling studies indicated that $\text{C}_1\text{H}_2\text{C}(\text{NHCON}(\text{NO})\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ (I, R = H) decomposed in phosphate buffer (pH 7.1) in the presence of liver alc. dehydrogenase and NADH with a 21% contribution from the path via a 1,2,3-oxadiazoline intermediate. This intermediate may decompose partly by a concerted path involving a D shift. In contrast, the 1,2,3-oxadiazoline path contributed 89% to the analogous decomposition of I (R = Me). A possible reason for these results was discussed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:84902 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:84902
 TITLE: Discrimination between alternative pathways of aqueous decomposition of antitumor (2-chloroethyl)nitrosoureas using specific oxygen-18 labeling
 AUTHOR(S): Lown, J. Williams; Chauhan, Shive M. S.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Alberta, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2G2, Can.
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1982), 47(5), 851-6
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 96:84902
 IT 80326-82-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with phosgene)
 RN 80326-82-5 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-1,1-d2-amino, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



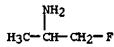
L4 ANSWER 14 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



AB Ring-opening of secondary aziridines with anhydrous HF or Olah's reagent, and of N-activated aziridines by $\text{NEt}_3\text{-HF}$ ($n = 2, 2.5, 3$) provides an efficient synthetic route to α,β -fluoroamines. The stereochemistry of the reaction appears to be very dependent on the structure of the aziridine and on the fluorinating reagent. Thus in acyclic series, secondary aziridines can react with anhydrous HF with an inversion of configuration, whereas Olah's reagent always leads to a carbocation formation which is then quenched by a fluoride ion delivered by the ammonium group. With bicyclic aziridines I ($R = H, R1 = Ph, Et, H$) this latter reaction yields cis-fluoroamines. In contrast, when N-carbo-tert-butoxy aziridines are treated with partially neutralized Olah's reagent ($\text{NEt}_3\text{-HF}$) exclusive inversion of configuration is observed

in acyclic or cyclic series, leading from compds. I ($R = \text{CO}_2\text{C}_2\text{H}_5, R1 = Ph, Et, H$) only to trans-fluoroamines. It is thus possible by proper choice of the fluorination method to direct the stereochem. of the final fluoroamine.

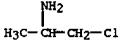
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:603644 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:203644
 TITLE: Ring opening of aziridines by different fluorinating reagents: three synthetic routes to α,β -fluoro amines with different stereochemical pathways
 AUTHOR(S): Alvergne, Gerard M.; Ennakoua, Christine M.; Lacombe, Sylvie M.; Laurent, Andre J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. III, Univ. Claude Bernard, Villeurbanne, 69622, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1981), 46(24), 4938-48
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 95:203644
 IT 66679-45-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 66679-45-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 15 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Eight insecticidal title compds., $\text{XCH}_2\text{CHFOP(O)(R)}\text{NR}_1\text{CR}_3\text{R}_4\text{CR}_5\text{R}_6\text{SR}_2$ (I, R = alkyl, alkoxy, R1 = H, alkyl, R2 = Me, Et, Pr, Me₂CH, R3-6 = H, Me, Et, X = Cl, Br) were prepared by esterification and amidation of $\text{XCH}_2\text{CHFOP(O)Cl}_2$ (II). Thus, 0.1 mol II (X = Cl), 0.1 mol EtOH, 0.1 mol $\text{MeSCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{NH}_2)\text{Me}$, and 0.2 mol Et₃N in PhMe gave 95.6% $\text{C}_1\text{H}_2\text{CHFOP(O)(OEt)}\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{SMe}$.

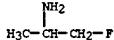
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:102857 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:102857
 TITLE: O-(1-Fluoro-2-haloethyl) phosphoric(phosphonic) acid ester amides
 INVENTOR(S): Arlt, Dieter; Homyer, Bernhard
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 24 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2904927	A1	19800821	DE 1979-2904927	19790209
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1979-2904927	A 19790209
IT 37143-56-9				
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with sodium methylmercaptoide)				
RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS				
CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

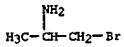


L4 ANSWER 16 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The dissociation consts. were determined for 12 α -fluorinated amines in aqueous 2-methoxyethanol. The α -fluorinated amines were of the general formula $\text{R}_1\text{-CHF-CH}_2\text{-N(R}_2\text{R}_4\text{)}$ where $\text{R}_1 = H$, alkyl or Ph group and $\text{R}_2 = H$ or alkyl group.

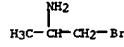
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:413965 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:13965
 TITLE: Determination of the dissociation constants of a series of α -fluorinated amines in mixtures of water and 2-methoxyethanol
 AUTHOR(S): Abdelkafi, Mohamed Mouldi; Baklouti, Ahmed
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Campus Univ. Tunis, Tunis, Tunisia
 SOURCE: Journal de la Societe Chimique de Tunisie (1979), (1), 1-15
 CODEN: JSCTDP; ISSN: 0253-1208
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 66679-45-6
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
 (ionization of, in aqueous methoxyethanol)
 RN 66679-45-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 17 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Preparation of aminoalkylphosphonic acids by amino group protection by nitrogen-phosphorus bond formation is reported. Phosphorylation of β - or γ -bromoalkamines with chlorophosphates followed by Arbuzov reaction with $(\text{EtO})_3\text{P}$ gave a phosphoramidate-phosphonate intermediate which was alkylated by various reagents. The phosphoryl residue was removed by treatment with aqueous HCl.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:76599 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:76599
 TITLE: Preparation of aminoalkylphosphonic acids with the help of phosphorylated α -haloalkyl amines
 AUTHOR(S): Brigitte, D.; Collignon, N.; Savignac, P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org., Inst. Natl. Super. Chim. Ind. Rouen,
 SOURCE: Mont-Saint-Aignan, 76130, Fr.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 92:76599
 IT 72696-68-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (condensation of, with di-Et chlorophosphate)
 RN 72696-68-5 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

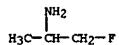


L4 ANSWER 18 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The kinetics of the hydrolysis of bromomethylamine-HBr derivs. (e.g., $\text{BrCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3^+$; $\text{Br}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{MeNH}_3^+$; $\text{Br}-\text{MeCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_3^+$; $\text{Br}-\text{Me}_2\text{CH}_2\text{MeNH}_3^+$; absent, exhibited an isokinetic relation with $\beta = 94 \pm 10^\circ$.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:507631 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:107631
 TITLE: Acid hydrolysis of 2-haloethylamines. II.
 Measurements in the 80-100° temperature range.
 Demonstration of an isokinetic relation
 AUTHOR(S): Lamaty, G.; Sivade, A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Phys., Univ. Sci. Tech. Languedoc,
 Montpellier, Fr.
 SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1974),
 (9-10, Pt 2), 2149-53
 CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 2403-31-8
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT
 (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (hydrolysis of, kinetics of)
 RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

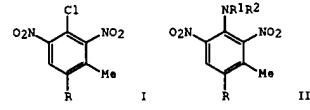


● HBr

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The apparent pK of 16 $\text{RCH}_2\text{CHR}_1\text{NR}_2\text{R}_3$ [$\text{R} = \text{H, Me, Et, Bu, Ph}$; $\text{R}_1 = \text{H, Me}$ (threo and erythro), Et; $\text{R}_2, \text{R}_3 = \text{H or alkyl}$] were determined by potentiometric titration in $\text{MeOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}-\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Substituent effects were discussed, e.g., the α -F decreases the basicity of the amine.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:405760 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:5760
 TITLE: Determination of the dissociation constants of an α -fluorinated amines series in a water/2-methoxyethanol mixture
 AUTHOR(S): Abdelkafi, Mohamed Mouldi; Baklouti, Ahmed
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Struct., Fac. Sci. Tunis, Tunis, Tunisia
 SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1977), (11-12, Pt. 1), 1044-8
 CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 66679-45-6
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (dissociation constant of, in methoxyethanol-water)
 RN 66679-45-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 20 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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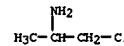


AB The substitution reaction of chlorodinitrobenzenes I ($\text{R} = \text{Me, Cl, SO}_2\text{NH}_2$, substituted sulfamoyl, CF_3 , CN) with amines gave seventy-eight anilines II ($\text{R}_1 = \text{H, Cl-4 alkyl, allyl; R}_2 = \text{H, Cl-7 alkyl, allyl, alkoxyalkyl, chloroalkyl, Ph; NR}_1\text{R}_2 = \text{piperidino, morpholino, pyrrolidinyl}$), most of which exhibited herbicidal activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:467960 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:67960
 TITLE: 2,6-Dinitroaniline herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Lutz, Albert William; Diehl, Robert Eugene
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 17 pt. Division of U.S. 3,920,742.
 CODEN: USXCAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4025538	A	19770524	US 1975-599224	19750725
US 3920742	A	19751118	US 1973-323000	19730112
IN 147315	A	19800126	IN 1978-CB852	19780804
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1971-174938	A2 19710825
			US 1972-262807	A2 19720614
			US 1973-323000	A3 19730112
			US 1975-642806	A1 19751222
			IN 1976-CB2170	A1 19761208

IT 37143-56-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (substitution reaction of, with chlorodinitrobenzenes)
 RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 21 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Rate consts. and activation parameters were determined for the hydrolysis in 0.1 N HClO₄ of BrCR1CR2RSNH₂HBr (R₁, R₂ = H or Me, R₃ = H, Me, or Et) at 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, and 100°. An isokinetic relation, with an isokinetic temperature 94±10°, was observed and the study showed the absence of a neopentyl retardation effect when R = R₁ = H and R₂ = R₃ = Me and showed a modest increase of reactivity when R = R₁ = Me. The results are discussed on the basis of an electrostatic intramolecular interaction mechanism.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:89080 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:9900

TITLE: Acidic hydrolysis of 2-haloethylamines. III. Kinetic measurements in the 50-90-deg. temperature range. Comparative analysis of the results at 50.deg. as a function of the structural variation of the substrate

AUTHOR(S): Lamaty, Gerard; Sivade, Andre
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Phys., Univ. Sci. Tech. Languedoc, Montpellier, Fr.

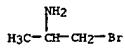
SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1975), (7-8, Pt. 2), 1828-36
CODEN: BSCFA5; ISSN: 0037-8968

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: French

IT 2403-31-8
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(hydrolysis of, kinetics of)

RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HBr

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB 3-Methylpyrrolidine [34375-89-8] and sec-butylamine [13952-84-6] were the most active of 50 nonaromatic amines tested in their cationic form for inhibition of germination of Penicillium digitatum spores. Pyrrolidine [123-75-1], 2-methylpyrrolidine [765-38-8], isopropylamine [75-31-0], 1-methyl-2-propenylamine [34375-90-1], and cyclobutylamine [2516-34-9], showed lesser activity, but all other simple amines tested were not inhibitory. Replacement of the C-1 or C-4 methyl group of sec-butylamine with CF₃, CC13CO₂H, OMe, CH₂OH, Cl, NH₂, or OH resulted in compds. which were not active. (-)-Sec-butylamine [13250-12-9] was considerably more active than (+)-sec-butylamine [513-49-5], both in preventing spore germination, and in inhibiting mycelial growth of three species of fungi which were sensitive to racemic sec-butylamine. (-)-Sec-butylamine and 3-methylpyrrolidine were uniquely effective in preventing infection of stored citrus fruits by P. digitatum. The receptor site for inhibitory amines on the fungus cell appears to consist of an anionic component which binds the NH₃⁺ group and a hydrophobic area which is complementary to the sec-butyl radical as spatially oriented in (-)-sec-butylamine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:430124 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:30124

TITLE: Fungistatic activity of cations of nonaromatic amines

AUTHOR(S): Eckert, Joseph W.; Rahm, Michael L.; Kolbezen, Martin J.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Plant Pathol., Univ. California, Riverside, CA, USA

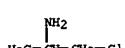
SOURCE: Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (1972), 20(1), 104-9
CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 37143-56-9
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(fungicidal activity of)

RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 22 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Poly(S-2-aminoethyl-L-cysteine) (I), poly(S-3-amino propyl-L-cysteine) (II), poly(S-L-2-amino propyl-L-cysteine) (III), and poly(S-D-2-amino propyl-L-cysteine) (IV) were prepared by the N-carboxyanhydride method via the benzoyloxycarbonyl derive of the amino polymers. The β-coil transition of the protected polymers occurred at 3-15° dicyclohexylamine in CHCl₃. At pH 3-8 in aqueous solution, I-IV are in a random coil, and at 4.0ppx, pH 9 change to the β-conformation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:569809 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:169809

TITLE: Syntheses and conformational studies of poly(S-aminoalkyl-L-cysteines) and their benzoyloxycarbonyl derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Hayakawa, Tadao; Kondo, Yoshiyuki; Murakami, Yukiko
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Test. Sci. Technol., Shinshu Univ., Ueda, Japan
SOURCE: Polymer Journal (Tokyo, Japan) (1974), 6(5), 424-30
CODEN: POLJB8; ISSN: 0032-3896

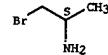
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 53862-15-0P 53862-15-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reaction with benzoyloxycarbonyl halide)

RN 53862-15-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

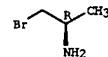


● HBr

RN 53862-16-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HBr

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB To chlorinate saturated amines in other than the α-position, Cl is passed through a solution of the amine in a strong acid, with light or azobis(isobutyronitrile) (I) as catalyst, at 75-120°. Thus, to a solution of 11.25 g. EtNH₂ in 22 g. concentrated H₂SO₄ and 22 g. 20% oleum (II) Cl is added 5 hrs. at 80-5°, while a total of 1 g. I is added in 30 portions to give ClCH₂CH₂NH₂.HCl, m. 135°. In the same manner are prepared from the corresponding saturated amines (product, m.p. or b.p., solvent, catalyst, reaction temperature, and time are given): Cl₂CHCH₂NH₂.

b20
 32°, II, 450-w. high pressure mercury arc-lamp (III), 50° 90 min.; Cl₃CC₂CH₂NH₂, b20 42-3°, II, III, 50°, 3 hrs.; ClCH₂CH₂NEt₂, b22 54-6°, II, I, 90-100°, 2 hrs.; Cl₂CHCH₂NMe₂, b53 65-66°, II, I, 80-85°, 4 hrs.; ClCH₂CHMeNH₂, --, II, III, 70°, 1 hr.; Cl₂CHCH₂MeNH₂.HCl, m. 187°, ClSO₃H, III, 55-60° 90 min.; (Cl₂CH)₂CRNH₂, --, II, --, 60-5°, 3 hrs.; (Cl₃C)₂NNH₂, --, II, --, 60-5°, 6 hrs.; (ClCH₂CH₂)₃N, b2 98°, II, uv light, 40-5°, 50 min.; (ClCH₂CH₂)₃N, b2 98°, II, uv light, 60-5°, 2.5 hrs.; 4-chloroquinuclidine, --, F₃CCOOH, uv light, 35-40°, 1 hr.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:59476 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 64:59476

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 64:11084b-d

TITLE: Chlorination of saturated amines

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc.

SOURCE: 11 pp.

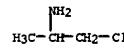
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
NL 6505505		19651105	NL	
IT 5968-21-8			US	19640504
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: (preparation of)				
RN 5968-21-8 CAPLUS				
CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB In the reaction of 2-amino-1-bromopropane hydrobromide with 1 equivalent of sodium thiosulfate, the formation of only one product, 2-amino-1-thiosulfuric acid (I), is detected. Similar treatment of 1-amino-2-bromopropane hydrobromide (II) yields two products, namely, 1-amino-2-thiosulfuric acid (III) and the rearranged product I. In order to determine whether an ethyleniminium ion is an intermediate in the formation of I in the latter reaction, the ring opening of 2-methylethylenimine by thiosulfate ion was investigated. The direct displacement of bromide in II by thiosulfate ion without the intermediacy of the cyclic imonium ion accounts for the formation of III. The ratio of the rate constants for the intramolecular displacement vs. the intermolecular displacement was found to be 1.45.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:430997 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 63:30997

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 63:5468b, 5469a-b

TITLE: Nucleophilic displacement of bromide by thiosulfate

AUTHOR(S): Kleyman, Daniel L.; Lowe, James W.; Sweeney, Thomas R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Walter Reed Army Inst. of Res., Washington, DC

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1965), 30(7), 2275-8

CODEN: JOCHEM; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

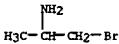
LANGUAGE: English

IT 2403-31-8, Ethylamine, 2-bromo-1-methyl-, hydrobromide

(reaction with Na₂S₂O₃, kinetics of)

RN 2403-31-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-bromo-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HBr

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB D- or L-Propylenimine (I), b. 67°, [α]D 12.4° and -12.8° (c 2, EtOH), were prepared from alaninol (II) via either the sulfate ester or the chloride HCl salt, followed by NaOH cyclization. II, prepared by LiAlH₄ reduction of D- or L-MeCH(NH₂)CO₂Et, b23 84° and b26 91°, n_D²⁰ 1.4493-5, [α]_D²⁵ 21.8° (c 2.94, EtOH) or -21.8° (c 2.75). H2SO₄ (50% by volume) added slowly to II gave 90% di-2-aminopropylsulfuric acid (III), m. 231°. L-isomer, m. 246°, and D-isomer, m. 247°. III mixed with aqueous NaOH and distilled gave 60% D- and L- I, m. -44°, n_D²⁵ 1.4156. II in 36% HCl gave the salt which after H₂O removal and treatment in CHCl₃-SOCl₂ gave 83% β-chloroisopropylamine-HCl which with alkali gave 19% I. 1-Methylenamino-2-propanol (IV), m. 17°, b26 73-4°, was prepared in 66% yield from aqueous MeNH₂ with 1,2-propylene oxide at -5 to 5°. IV heated to the char point with 98% H₂SO₄, cooled, treated with 40% aqueous NaOH, and distilled gave 30-35% N-methylpropylenimine (V), b. 42-3°. Alanine Et ester with HCl in the presence of alc. and K₂CO₃ gave 20% N-Me derivative, b60 78-80°, and this on LiAlH₄ reduction gave 45% N-Me derivative of II, b23 48-51°, which cyclized with SOC₂ to the chloride HCl salt then treated with aqueous 40% NaOH also gave 20% V. IR spectra of the imines were given. I was polymerized with HCl, BP₃, p-MeC₆H₄SO₃H, and other catalysts. The racemic monomer gave an oily polymer while the optically active ones gave solid optically active polymers of low mol. weight, soluble in MeOH, EtOH, and H₂O, but insol. in Et₂O, Me₂CO, C₆H₆, and dioxane. Intrinsic viscosities, softening points, and [α]_D of a number of polymers were given. V gave a polymer of mol. weight 2000-4000 with FeCl₃ catalyst. Imine polymers were carried out at 80° and required a number of days.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:44578 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:44578

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:8772d-h

TITLE: Preparation and polymerization of D- and L-propylenimine and N-methylpropylenimine

AUTHOR(S): Minoura, Yuji; Takebayashi, Matsui; Price, Charles C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1959), 81,

4699-92

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

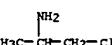
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 54:44578

IT 5968-21-8, Ethylamine, 2-chloro-1-methyl-, hydrochloride (preparation of)

RN 5968-21-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Fibrous ion-exchange derivs. of cellulose were prepared by 2 etherification processes: (1) the reaction of chloroalkylamines and alkali cellulose and (2) the reaction of aminoalkyl H sulfates with alkali cellulose. Side reactions between the reagent and excess alkali in the reaction mixture resulted in low (30% based on the aminocyclating agent) yields of the cellulose derivs. Thus, 10 g. of purified wood cellulose was homogenized in the cold with 40 g. 5N NaOH. The cellulose was then reacted with an aqueous solution of 12 g. of 2-chloroethylidibutylamine hydrochloride at 95° for 100 min. After washing with HCl and NaOH soins, the product was washed free of salts. Similarly, cellulose derivs. were prepared from chloroethylamine, chloroisopropylamine, chlorodimethylamine, chlorodiethylamine, chloroethylidisopropylamine, chloroethylidibutylamine and the following aminoalkyl hydrogen sulfates: aminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, diisopropylaminoethyl, dibutylaminoethyl, and bis-2-(ethylhexyl)aminoethyl. Anion-exchange capacities of up to 2 meq./g. of dry cellulose derivs. were obtained. Equilibrium swelling with H₂O varied from 55 to 80%. The ion exchangers

were stable in soins. of pH 14 and unaffected by mild oxidants such as dilute aqueous chlorate and dichromate soins.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:107658 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:107658

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 55:202601, 20261a-c

TITLE: Anion exchangers based on cellulose. I. Preparation and general properties

AUTHOR(S): Jakubovic, J. O.; Brook, B. N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: W. & R. Bustard Ltd., Maidstone, UK

SOURCE: Polymer (1961), 2, 18-26

CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

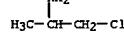
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

IT 37143-56-9, Ethylamine, 2-chloro-1-methyl- (reaction product with cellulose, anion-exchanging)

RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 28 OF 28 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB MeCH(NH₂)CO₂Et is reduced by the Bouveault-Blanc procedure to 55% of MeCH(NH₂)CH₂OH (I), b. 145-8° (picrate, orange-yellow, m. 182-3°), 20 g. I in 45 cc. C₆H₆, added (20 min.) to 23 g. SOC₂ in 90 cc. C₆H₆ at 0°, allowed to warm to room temperature, and refluxed 1.5 hrs., gives 55% MeCH(NH₂)CH₂Cl·HCl (II), m. 103-4°. Me2NC₂H₅MeOH (III) yields a picrate, orange-yellow, m. 83-4°. III (20 g.) and 23 g. SOC₂, as above, give 73% Me2NC₂H₅MeCl·HCl (IV), m. 190-1°. I (20 g.) in 45 cc. C₆H₆, treated with 23 g. SOC₂ in 90 cc. C₆H₆ and the gummy residue refluxed with 150 cc. Me₂CO, gives 34% IV. The II is removed by the Me₂CO. 1-Piperidino-2-propanol (b762 198-201°; picrate, m. 134-5°) gives with SOC₂ 2-chloro-1-(1-piperidyl)propane-HCl (V), m. 213-14°. 1-(1-Piperidyl)-3-propanol (m. 65-7°) with SOC₂ gives 1-chloro-3-(1-piperidyl)propane (VI), b10 79-80°, HCl salt, m. 213-14°. The mother liquor from V or VI did not contain the other isomer. 1-Allylpiperidine (picrate, m. 72-3°) does not add HCl. 1-Allyl-2-chloro-2-propanol (VII), liberated from IV by dilute NH₄OH at 0° or with 40% NaOH at room temperature, is stable and gives the same picrate, even after distillation (b35 36-7°). The base liberated from VII at room temperature by 40% NaOH solution is Me2NCMeCH₂Cl (VIII) (Schultz, et al., C.A. 42, 4934i). VIII can be heated in an inert solvent and can be agitated in an inert solvent with NaOH or NaNH₂ without undergoing decomposition or isomerization; on distillation in vacuo, VIII is isomerized and VII and VIII can be separated by fractional crystallization of the picrates. The relative proportions of the isomers formed in the alkylation of PhCH₂CN with VII or V were determined by effecting as complete as possible a separation of the isomers giving the more sparingly soluble salts. In the dimethylamino series, the N-compds. from the more sparingly soluble salts, whereas in the analogous piperidyl series, the salts of the iso compds. have the lowest solubility

In the former series at least 60% of the cyanide was formed by isolation as 6-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl-3-heptane-HBr and in the latter at least 45% of the isocyanide as 3-imino-5-methyl-4,4-diphenyl-6-(1-piperidyl)hexane-ZHCl. Thus, the relative proportions vary according to the nature of the basic group of the Cl base employed in the alkylation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:5554 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:5554

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:986h-i, 987a-d

TITLE: Some isomeric chloroalkylaminopropanes and their reaction with diphenylmethyl cyanide

AUTHOR(S): Ofner, P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Wellcome Chem. Works, Dartford, UK

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1951)

1800-3

CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

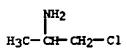
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

IT 37143-56-9, Ethylamine, 2-chloro-1-methyl-

(derivs.)

RN 37143-56-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propanamine, 1-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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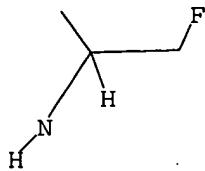
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PROJECTED ANSWERS: 4188 TO 6112

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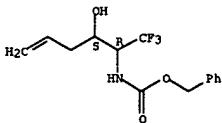
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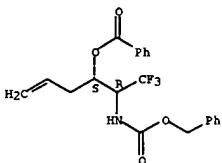
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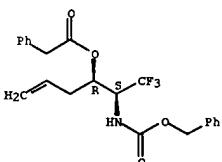
RN 219953-68-1 CAPLUS
CN Carbanic acid, [(1R,2S)-2-(benzoyloxy)-1-(trifluoromethyl)-4-pentenyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 219953-75-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, [(1R)-1-[(1S)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-3-but enyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

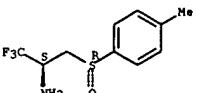


RN 219953-77-2 CAPLUS
CN Carbanic acid, [(1S,2R)-2-hydroxy-1-(trifluoromethyl)-4-pentenyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

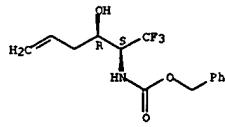
Absolute stereochemistry.

L10 ANSWER 52 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Asym. addition reactions between α -lithium derivs. of enantiomerically pure Me and benzyl p-tolyl sulfoxides and N-(p-methoxyphenyl)aldimines, bearing trifluoromethyl, pentafluorooethyl and α -hydroxylatedfluoroethyl groups, afford α -fluoroalkyl β -sulfinylamines, synthetically versatile precursors of a series of enantiomerically pure biomedically important α -fluoroalkylalkamines and α -fluoroalkyl- β -hydroxylalkamines. The addition reactions proceed under mild conditions allowing for convenient preparation of the α -fluoroalkyl β -sulfinylamines in excellent yields and good enantiomeric purity. The stereochem. outcomes of these reactions were shown to be subject to kinetic control, that is in sharp contrast to the corresponding reactions of fluorine-free imines. The absolute configurations of the addition products suggest that the fluoroalkyl group on the starting imines plays the role of an enantiodirecting, sterically larger substituent leading to transition states that are unusual for this type of reaction.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:652036 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:343304
TITLE: Chiral sulfoxide controlled asymmetric additions to C-N double bond. An efficient approach to stereochemically defined α -fluoroalkyl amino compounds
AUTHOR(S): Bravo, Pierfrancesco; Guidetti, Maurizio; Viani, Fiorenza; Zanda, Matteo; Markovsky, Andrew L.; Sorochinsky, Alexander E.; Soloshonok, Irina V.; Soloshonok, Vadim A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: C.N.R.-Centro per le Sostanze Org. Naturali, Dip. Chim. Politecnico Milano, Milano, I-20131, Italy
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1998), 54(42), 12789-12806
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:343304
IT 169138-05-0P 182880-39-3P 189396-88-1P
189396-91-6P 189396-93-8P 189396-94-9P
189396-95-0P 215516-72-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(chiral sulfoxide controlled asym. addns. to fluoroalkyl aldimines)
RN 169138-05-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



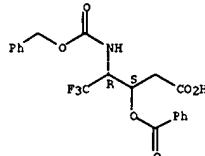
RN 182880-39-3 CAPLUS



IT 219953-70-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(sterecontrolled approaches to trifluoromethyl(amino)hydroxymethylene (statine) dipeptide isosteres)

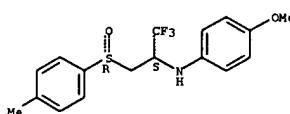
RN 219953-70-5 CAPLUS
CN L-threo-Pentonic acid, 2,4,5-trideoxy-5,5,5-trifluoro-4-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-, 3-benzosate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



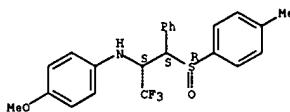
REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



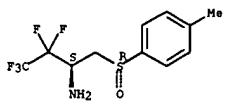
RN 189396-88-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenethanamine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)- β -[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (aS,BS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



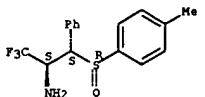
RN 189396-91-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butanamine, 3,3,4,4,4-pentafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



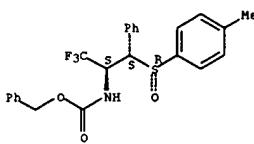
RN 189396-93-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzenethanamine, β -[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]- α -(trifluoromethyl)-, (aS,BS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



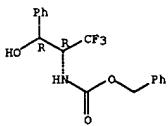
RN 189396-94-9 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(S)-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]phenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



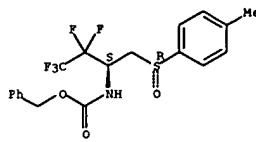
RN 189396-95-0 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(R)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 215516-72-6 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methylpropyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 177469-12-4P 189350-65-0P 189396-86-9P
189396-87-0P 189396-89-2P 189396-90-5P
189396-92-7P 189396-96-1P 215516-67-9P
215516-69-1P 215516-70-4P 215516-74-6P
215516-76-0P 215516-77-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(chiral sulfoxide controlled asym. addns. to fluoroalkyl aldimines)

RN 177469-12-4 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, hydrochloride, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

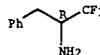
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

RN 189350-65-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoethanamine, α-(trifluoromethyl)-, hydrochloride, (αR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

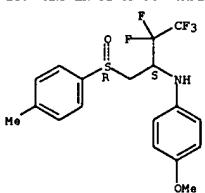
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



● HCl

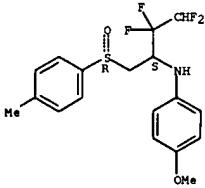
RN 189396-86-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1S)-2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



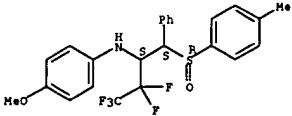
RN 189396-87-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1S)-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



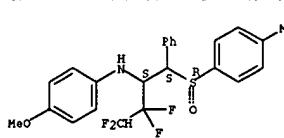
RN 189396-89-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoethanamine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-β-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-α-(pentafluoroethyl)-, (αS,βS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



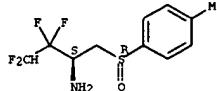
RN 189396-90-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoethanamine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-β-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-α-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl)-, (αS,βS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



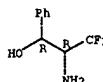
RN 189396-92-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butanamine, 3,3,4,4-tetrafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



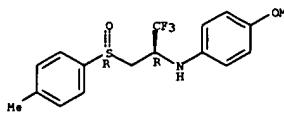
RN 189396-96-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoethanol, α-[(1R)-1-amino-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]-, (αR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



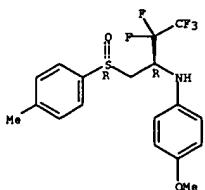
RN 215516-67-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



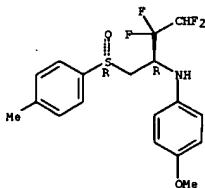
RN 215516-69-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1R)-2,2,3,3-pentafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methylpropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



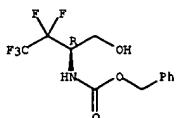
RN 215516-70-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1R)-2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

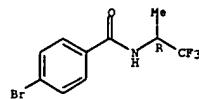


RN 215516-74-8 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoro-1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

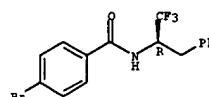


RN 215516-76-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzamide, 4-bromo-N-[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

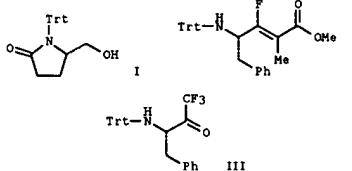


RN 215516-77-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzamide, 4-bromo-N-[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



REFERENCE COUNT: 85 THERE ARE 95 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



AB Cyanuric fluoride-mediated fluorination of chiral N-tritylamino acids leads to the corresponding acyl fluorides which are powerful acylating agents for peptide synthesis. The acyl fluorides react with NaBH4, the stabilized phosphorane Ph3P:C(Me)CO2Me, and Ruppert's reagent providing access to enantiomerically pure trityl amino acids, e.g. I (Trt = Ph3C), alkenes, e.g. II, and trifluoromethyl ketones, e.g. III, resp.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:608120 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:290399

TITLE: Preparation and properties of enantiomerically pure N-tritylamino acid fluorides

AUTHOR(S): Karygianni, Georgios; Athanassopoulos, Costas; Mamos, Petros; Karamanos, Nikolaos; Papaiannou, Dionissios; Francis, George V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Patras, Patras, 265 00, Greece

SOURCE: Acta Chemica Scandinavica (1998), 52(9), 1144-1150

CODEN: ACHSE7; ISSN: 0904-213X

PUBLISHER: Munksgaard International Publishers Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

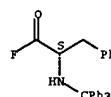
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:290399

IT 214344-15-7P 214344-16-8P 214344-17-9P
214344-23-7OP, resin bound
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reactions of enantiomerically pure trityl amino acid fluorides)

RN 214344-15-7 CAPLUS

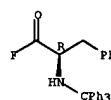
CN Benzenepropanoyl fluoride, α -[(tritylmethyl)amino]-, (aS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



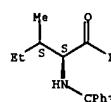
RN 214344-16-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzenepropanoyl fluoride, α -[(tritylmethyl)amino]-, (aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



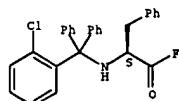
RN 214344-17-9 CAPLUS
CN Pentanoyl fluoride, 3-methyl-2-[(tritylmethyl)amino]-, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 214344-23-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzenepropanoyl fluoride, α -[(2-chlorophenyl)diphenylmethyl]amino]-, (aS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

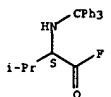
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 214344-18-0P 214344-19-1P 214344-31-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and reactions of enantiomerically pure trityl amino acid fluorides)

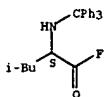
L10 ANSWER 53 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 214344-18-0 CAPLUS
CN Butanoyl fluoride, 3-methyl-2-[(triphenylmethyl)amino]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



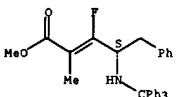
RN 214344-19-1 CAPLUS
CN Pentanoyl fluoride, 4-methyl-2-[(triphenylmethyl)amino]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 214344-31-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Pentenoic acid, 3-fluoro-2-methyl-5-phenyl-4-[(triphenylmethyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.

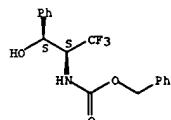


REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 54 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
AB A new, efficient, and stereoselective two-step approach to stereochemically defined chiral nonracemic γ -tri- and γ -difluorop- α -amino alcs. (70 to >95% ee) is described, using tri- and difluoropyruvaldehyde N,S-ketals (R)-4-MeC6H4SC(=O)(R)NC(=O)2CH2Ph [I, R = CF3, CHF2] as starting material. Addition of Grignard reagents to I occurs with moderate to excellent anti stereocontrol, depending on the nature of the organomagnesium halides, providing the β -p-tolylthio β -benzylxycarbonylamino secondary carbonyls. The stereochemical outcome of these reactions can be rationalized by means of a chelated Cram's cyclic model, where the NCbz group is the chelating ligand and the p-tolylthio residue acts as the stereocontrolling large group. Reductive displacement of the 2-p-tolylthio substituent efficiently takes places by means of the NaBH4/pyridine system, probably via intermediate transient imines, providing sulfur-free γ -tri- and γ -difluorinated β -amino alcs. with high levels of anti-stereoselectivity. A considerable shift toward syn-stereoselectivity was obtained performing the reaction on the corresponding phenylacetates. Cleavage and reduction of the NHCbz moiety of the fluorinated β -amino alcs. provided tri- and difluoro analogs of, resp., norephedrine and ephedrine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-603684 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:316007
TITLE: (R)-Trifluoro- and Difluoropyruvaldehyde N,S-Ketals: Chiral Synthetic Equivalents of β -Trifluoro and β -Difluoro α -Amino Aldehydes
AUTHOR(S): Volonté, Alessandro; Vergani, Barbara; Crucianelli, Marcello; Zanda, Matteo; Bravo, Pierfrancesco
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Chimica del Politecnico, Milan, I-20131, Italy
SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1998), 63(21), 7236-7243
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:316007
IT 188566-32-7P 214852-75-2P 214852-77-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(stereoselective preparation of fluoro amino alcs. from fluoropyruvaldehyde N,S-ketals)
RN 188566-32-7 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(S)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

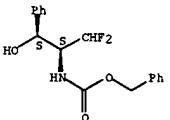
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 214852-75-2 CAPLUS

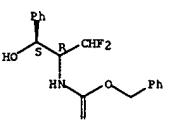
L10 ANSWER 54 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2,2-difluoro-1-[(S)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 214852-77-4 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-2,2-difluoro-1-[(S)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

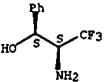
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 188566-33-8P 188566-34-9P 214852-69-4P
214852-70-7P 214852-71-8P 214852-72-9P
214852-73-0P 214852-74-1P 214852-79-6P
214852-80-9P 214852-82-1P 214852-84-3P
214852-85-4P 214852-86-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(stereoselective preparation of fluoro amino alcs. from fluoropyruvaldehyde N,S-ketals)
RN 188566-33-8 CAPLUS

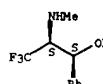
CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1S)-1-amino-2,2-trifluoroethyl]-, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



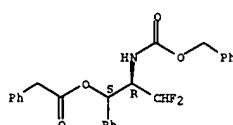
RN 188566-34-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1S)-2,2-trifluoro-1-(methylamino)ethyl]-, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 54 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



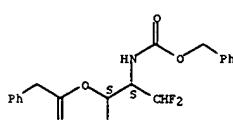
RN 214852-69-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, (1S,2R)-3,3-difluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



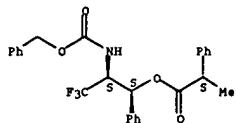
RN 214852-70-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, (1S,2S)-3,3-difluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



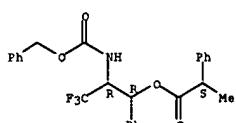
RN 214852-71-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, α -methyl-, (1S,2S)-3,3-difluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino)propyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



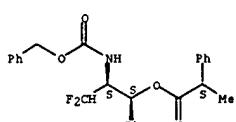
RN 214852-72-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, α -methyl-, (1R,2R)-3,3-trifluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl ester, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



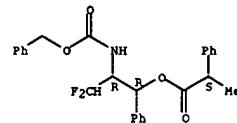
RN 214852-73-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, α -methyl-, (1S,2S)-3,3-difluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl ester, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



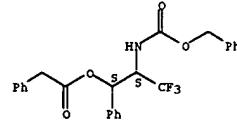
RN 214852-74-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, α -methyl-, (1R,2R)-3,3-difluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl ester, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



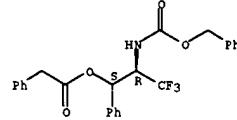
RN 214852-79-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, (1S,2S)-3,3-trifluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



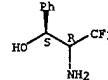
RN 214852-80-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenoacetic acid, (1S,2R)-3,3-trifluoro-1-phenyl-2-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



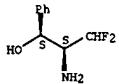
RN 214852-82-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1R)-1-amino-2,2-trifluoroethyl]-, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



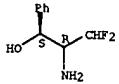
RN 214852-84-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1S)-1-amino-2,2-difluoroethyl]-, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



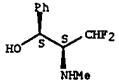
RN 214852-85-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1R)-1-amino-2,2-difluoroethyl]-, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 214852-86-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1S)-2,2-difluoro-1-(methylamino)ethyl]-, (eS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



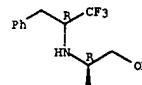
REFERENCE COUNT: 126 THERE ARE 126 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 55 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Chiral 1,3-oxazolidinones, obtained from RCOCF_3 [R = Ph, CH_2Ph] and (R)-phenylglycinol, underwent asym. reduction with LiAlH_4 to give $\text{F}_3\text{CCH}_2\text{RNHCPhCH}_2\text{OH}$ with retention of configuration.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:111686 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:180188
TITLE: Stereospecific reduction with retention of chiral fluoral-derived 1,3-oxazolidines with LiAlH_4 : asymmetric synthesis of 1-substituted 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamines
AUTHOR(S): Ishii, Akirori; Miyamoto, Fumie; Higashiyama, Kimio; Mikami, Koichi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Technology, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, 152, Japan
SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1998), (2), 119-120
PUBLISHER: Chemical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 128:180188
IT 203176-66-3P 203258-91-7P
RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and stereoselective reduction of chiral oxazolidines derived from trifluoromethyl ketones)

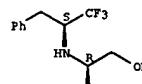
RN 203176-66-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, β -[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino-, (BR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 203258-91-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzenemethanol, β -[(1S)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino-, (BR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

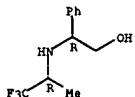
Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

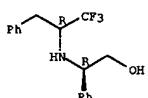
L10 ANSWER 56 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The synthesis of 1-substituted 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamines starting from chiral fluoral hemiacetal. Asymmetric synthesis of 1-substituted 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamines starting from (R)-phenylglycinol is described. The asym. addition reactions of Grignard reagents to the resultant imine are used in the key reaction step.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-47553 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128-180181
 TITLE: Asymmetric addition reactions of Grignard reagents to chiral fluoral hemiacetal. Asymmetric synthesis of 1-substituted 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamines
 AUTHOR(S): Ishii, Akihiro; Higashiyama, Kimito; Mikami, Koichi
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chemical Technology, Tokyo Inst. Technology, Tokyo, 152, Japan
 SOURCE: Synlett (1997), (12), 1381-1382
 PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 128:180181
 IT 203176-64-1P 203176-66-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of (fluoroethyl)amines by asym. Grignard reaction of fluoral hemiacetal)
 RN 203176-64-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzenethanol, β -[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(methylthio)ethyl]amino]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 203176-66-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzenethanol, β -[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino]-, (BR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 203176-66-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzenethanol, β -[(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(phenylmethyl)ethyl]amino]-, (BR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

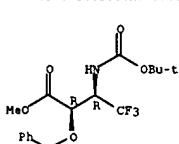
IT 198273-25-5P 198273-26-6P 198273-32-4P 198273-33-5P 198273-41-5P 198273-42-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (diastereoselective synthesis of nonracemic syn-(fluoroalkyl)isoserine Me ester)
 RN 198273-17-5 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L10 ANSWER 57 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

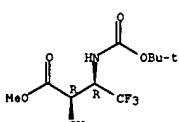
IT 198273-17-5P 198273-18-6P 198273-26-6P 198273-32-4P 198273-33-5P 198273-41-5P 198273-42-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (diastereoselective synthesis of nonracemic syn-(fluoroalkyl)isoserine Me ester)
 RN 198273-17-5 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 198273-18-6 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

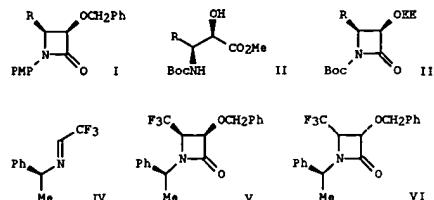
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 198273-26-6 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 4,4,4-trifluoro-3-[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, methyl ester, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L10 ANSWER 57 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI

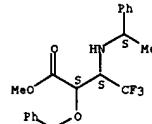


AB Cycloaddn. of the (fluoroalkyl)imines RCH:N-PMP (R = CF₃, CF₂H, CF₂Cl, PMP = 4-MeOC₆H₄) with the ketene formed in situ from (benzyl oxy)acetyl chloride and triethylamine provided stereoselectively cis-(fluoroalkyl)azetidinones I in moderate yields. The corresponding N-Boc-isoserinates II (Boc = Me₃CO₂C) and protected synthonos III (EE = 2-ethoxyethyl) have been prepared from these azetidinones I. Cycloaddn. of the chiral imine IV with the same ketene led to the diastereoisomeric azetidinones V and VI with a poor diastereoisomeric excess (10-20%). However, the two diastereoisomers could be easily separated by crystallization and provided enantiomerically pure N-Boc-isoserinates (R,R) and (S,S)-II (R = CF₃) after ring opening and debenzylation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-786534 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127-359060
 TITLE: Diastereoselective Synthesis of the Nonracemic Methyl syn-(3-Fluoroalkyl)isoserinates
 AUTHOR(S): Abouabdellah, Ahmed; Begue, Jean-Pierre; Bonnet-Delpont, Danièle; Nga, Truong Thi Thanh
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre d'Etudes Pharmaceutiques, CNRS, Chatenay-Malabry, 92296, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1997), 62(25), 8826-8833
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:359060
 IT 198273-25-5P
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (diastereoselective synthesis of nonracemic syn-(fluoroalkyl)isoserine Me ester)
 RN 198273-25-5 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 4,4,4-trifluoro-3-[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

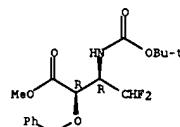
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L10 ANSWER 57 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



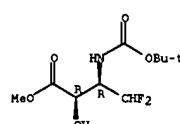
RN 198273-32-4 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4-difluoro-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



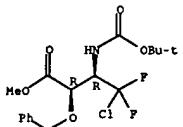
RN 198273-33-5 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4-difluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



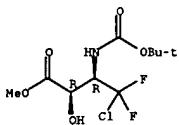
RN 198273-41-5 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 4-chloro-3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4-difluoro-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



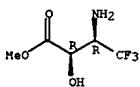
RN 198273-42-6 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 4-chloro-3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4-difluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



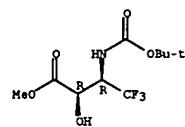
IT 177838-12-9P 198273-27-7P 198273-28-8P
 198273-36-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (diastereoselective synthesis of nonracemic syn-(fluoroalkyl)isoserine
 Me esters)
 RN 177838-12-9 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-amino-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester,
 (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



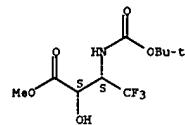
RN 198273-27-7 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



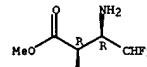
RN 198273-28-8 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

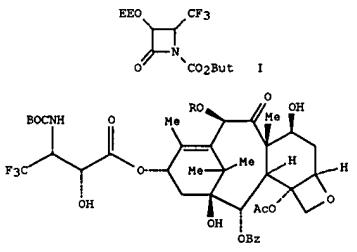


RN 198273-36-8 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4-difluoro-2-hydroxy-, methyl ester, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



AB The coupling of racemic 4-CF₃-β-lactam (I) with various C-10 modified baccatins has resulted in CF₃-taxoids (II) (R = H, Ac, Me₂NCO, cyclopropanecarbonyl, MeO₂C, 4-morpholinocarbonyl, Et₂CO, BuCO, Me₃CCH₂CO) with diastereoselectivities ranging from 9:1 to one single isomer. The observed high diastereoselectivity is ascribed to the highly efficient enantiomer-differentiation by the enantiopure lithium alkoxide of a baccatin III in the coupling reaction with a racemic 1-tBoc-β-lactam. These novel CF₃-taxoids have also been shown to exhibit significant increases in activity against various cancer cell lines compared to either paclitaxel or docetaxel. In addition, the first asym. synthesis of a CF₃-β-lactam with chiral ester enolate-imine cyclocondensation was performed with 50% enantioselectivity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:652772 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:293438

TITLE: Synthesis of novel 3'-trifluoromethyl taxoids through effective kinetic resolution of racemic 4-CF₃-β-lactams with baccatins

AUTHOR(S): Ojima, Iwao; Slater, John C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, State University of New York at Stony Brook, Stony Brook, NY, 11794-3400, USA

SOURCE: Chirality (1997), 9(5/6), 487-494

CODEN: CHRLEP; ISSN: 0899-0042

PUBLISHER: Wiley-Liss

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:293438

IT 186819-41-0P 186819-42-1P 186819-43-2P

186819-44-3P 186819-45-4P 186819-46-5P

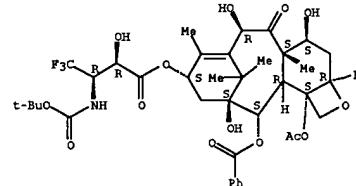
186819-47-6P 186819-48-7P 186819-49-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis of 3'-trifluoromethyl taxoids through kinetic resolution of racemic 4-CF₃-β-lactams with baccatins)

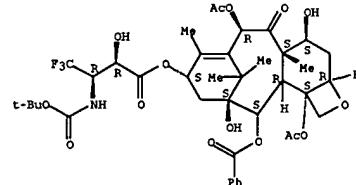
RN 186819-41-0 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,6,11-trihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-9-yl ester, (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



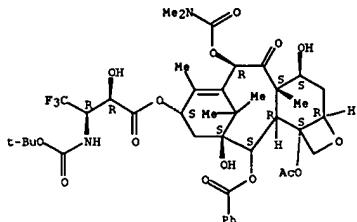
RN 186819-42-1 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-6,12b-bis(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-9-yl ester, (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



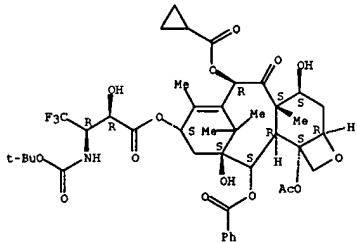
RN 186819-43-2 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-9-yl ester, (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



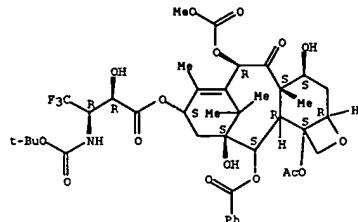
RN 186819-44-3 CAPLUS
CN Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-9-[(2R,3R)-3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-1-oxobutoxy]-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-6-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



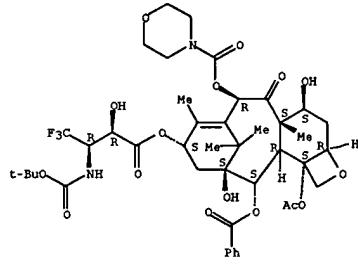
RN 186819-45-4 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-6-[(methoxycarbonyl)oxy]-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-6-yl ester, (2R,3R) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



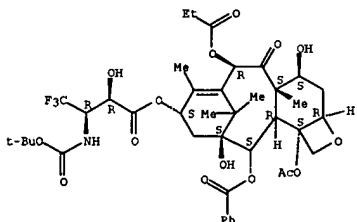
RN 186819-46-5 CAPLUS
CN 4-Morpholinocarboxylic acid, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-9-[(2R,3R)-3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-1-oxobutoxy]-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-6-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



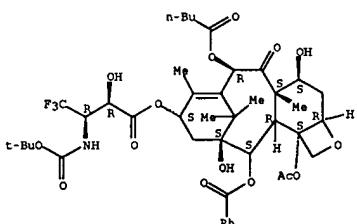
RN 186819-47-6 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-6-(1-oxopropoxy)-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-6-yl ester, (2R,3R) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



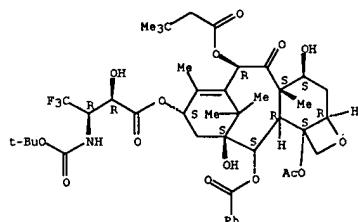
RN 186819-48-7 CAPLUS
CN Pentanoic acid, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-9-[(2R,3R)-3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-1-oxobutoxy]-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-6-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

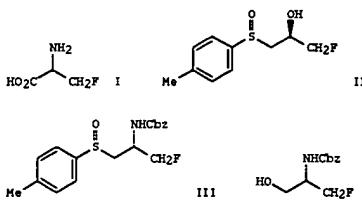


RN 186819-49-8 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-hydroxy-, (2aR,4S,4aS,6R,9S,11S,12S,12aR,12bS)-12b-(acetyloxy)-12-(benzoyloxy)-6-(3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutoxy)-2a,3,4,4a,5,6,9,10,11,12,12a,12b-dodecahydro-4,11-dihydroxy-4a,8,13,13-tetramethyl-5-oxo-7,11-methano-1H-cyclodeca[3,4]benz[1,2-b]oxet-6-yl ester, (2R,3R) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



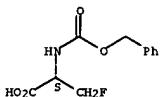
REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



AB The wide spectrum antibacterial 3-fluoro-D-alanine (**I**) has been stereoselectively synthesized via chiral sulfoxide chemical. Key steps are the azidation of the α -fluoro α' -sulfinyl alc. **II** under Mitsunobu conditions and the one-pot transformation of protected α -sulfinyl amine **III** ($\text{Cbz} = \text{CO}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_5$) into protected amino alc. **IV** through a non-oxidative Pummerer reaction.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:63419 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:293573
TITLE: Stereoselective synthesis of the antibacterial 3-fluoro-D-alanine
AUTHOR(S): Bravo, Pierfrancesco; Cavicchio, Giancarlo;
Crucianelli, Marcello; Poggiali, Andrea; Zanda, Matteo
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dap. Chimica Politecnico Milano, CNR Centro Studio Sostanze Organiche Naturali, Milan, I-20131, Italy
SOURCE: Tetrahedron: Asymmetry (1997), 8(16), 2811-2815
CODEN: TASYE3; ISSN: 0957-4166
PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:293573
IT 36369-37-6P 197085-99-7P 197086-00-3P
197086-01-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(stereoselective synthesis of the antibacterial fluoroalanine)
RN 36369-37-6 CAPLUS
CN D-Alanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

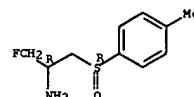
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

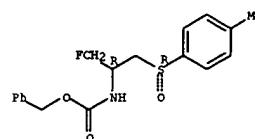
L10 ANSWER 59 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 197085-99-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamin, 1-fluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



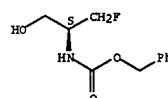
RN 197086-00-3 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [1-(fluoromethyl)-2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



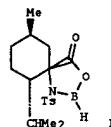
RN 197086-01-4 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2-fluoro-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 35455-20-0P, 3-Fluoro-D-alanine
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(stereoselective synthesis of the antibacterial fluoroalanine)
RN 35455-20-0 CAPLUS
CN D-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

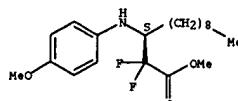


AB Aldol reaction of aldehydes with $\text{F}_2\text{C}(\text{OEt})\text{OSiMe}_3$ in the presence of a substoichiometric amount of a chiral Lewis acid provides $\text{HOCHCF}_2\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$ ($\text{R} = \text{Ph}$, (E)- $\text{PhCH}=\text{CH}$, PhCH_2CH_2 , $\text{PhCH}_2\text{OCH}_2$, cyclohexyl, Pr, nonyl, Me_2CHCH_2 , Et CH_2) with high enantioselectivities (up to 98% ee). Reaction temperature has a great influence on the enantiofacial selection of the

aldehydes; the reactions of benzylxycetaldehyde catalyzed by Lewis acid I at -78 and -30°C gave (+)- and (-)- $\text{PhCH}_2\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CF}_2\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$ in optical yields of 98% and 85%, resp.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:497502 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:205149
TITLE: Asymmetric aldol addition of aldehydes to a difluoroketene silyl acetal catalyzed by chiral Lewis acids
AUTHOR(S): Iseki, Katsumi; Kuroki, Yoshichika; Asada, Daisuke; Takahashi, Mie; Kishimoto, Satoshi; Kobayashi, Yoshiro
CORPORATE SOURCE: MEC Laboratory, Daikin Industries, Ltd., Tsukuba, 305, Japan
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1997), 53(30), 10271-10280
PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 194421-17-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(asym. aldol addition of aldehydes to a difluoroketene silyl acetal catalyzed by chiral Lewis acids)
RN 194421-17-5 CAPLUS
CN Dodecanoic acid, 2,2-difluoro-3-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L10 ANSWER 61 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The LiCl/base-assisted asym. aldol-type addition reaction between the N-(*p*-methoxyphenyl)imine of trifluoroacetaldehyde and the chiral non-racemic Ni(II) complex of the Schiff base of glycine with (S)-*o*-[N-(*n*-benzyl)prolyl]amino)benzophenone was found to proceed with excellent chemical and stereochem. outcomes, allowing for an efficient access

to hitherto unknown stereochem. defined β -perfluoroalkyl- α , β -diamino carboxylic acids. A mechanistic rationale for the observed stereochem. preferences is proposed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-433086 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127-149358

TITLE: Highly diastereoselective aza-aldol reactions of a chiral Ni(II) complex of glycine with imines. An efficient asymmetric approach to

3-perfluoroalkyl-2,3-diamino acids

AUTHOR(S): Soloshonok, Vadim A.; Avilov, Dmitry V.; Kukhar,

Valery P.; Van Meerwelt, Luc; Mischenko, Nikolai

CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl. Inst. Res., Nagoya, Nagoya City, 462, Japan

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1997), 38(26), 4671-4674

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127-149358

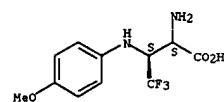
IT 193343-11-2 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(asym. approach to perfluoroalkyl diamino acids via diastereoselective aza-aldol reaction of chiral Ni(II) complex of glycine with imines)

RN 193343-11-2 CAPLUS

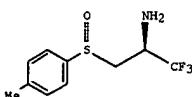
CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-4,4,4-trifluoro-3-[*(4*-methoxyphenyl)amino]-,

[*S*-(*R*,*R**)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



I

AB Condensations between chiral α -lithiated alkyl *p*-tolyl sulfoxides and N-PMP fluorocalkyl aldimines (*p*-MPP = *p*-MeOC₆H₄) have been found to proceed with high simple and facial diastereoselection, providing an efficient approach to enantiomerically pure fluoro amino compds. of synthetic and biomedical importance. E.g., lithiation of (*R*)-4-MeC₆H₄S(O)Me, followed by addition of CF₃CH:N(C₆H₄COMe), and subsequent treatment with CAN gave sulfinyl amine I.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-315002 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126-317207

TITLE: Stereoselective Additions of α -Lithiated Alkyl-*p*-tolylsulfoxides to N-PMP(fluorocalkyl)aldimines. An Efficient Approach to Enantiomerically Pure Fluoro Amine Compounds

AUTHOR(S): Bravo, Pierfrancesco; Farina, Alessandra; Kukhar, Valery P.; Markovsky, Andrey L.; Meille, Stefano V.; Soloshonok, Vadim A.; Sorochinsky, Alexander E.; Viani, Fiorenza; Zanda, Matteo; Zappala, Carmela

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Chimica del Politecnico, C.N.R.-Centro di Studio per le Sostanze Organiche Naturali, Milan, I-20131, Italy

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1997), 62(11), 3424-3425

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 126-317207

IT 162880-39-3P 169396-86-9P 169396-87-0P

169396-88-1P 169396-92-7P 169396-93-8P

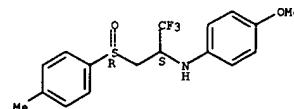
169396-94-9P 169396-95-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(stereoselective addns. of lithiated alkyl tolyl sulfoxides to fluorocalkyl aldimines)

RN 162880-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1*S*)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(*R*)-(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

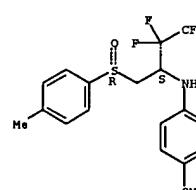
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 189396-86-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1*S*)-2,2,2,3,3-pentafluoro-1-[(*R*)-(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

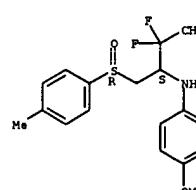
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 189396-87-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-methoxy-N-[(1*S*)-2,2,2,3-tetrafluoro-1-[(*R*)-(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

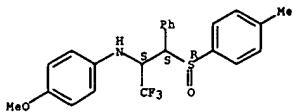
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 189396-88-1 CAPLUS

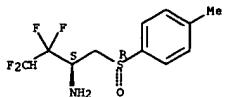
CN Benzenethanamine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)- β -[*(R*)-(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfinyl]- α -(trifluoromethyl)-, (*eS,BS*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



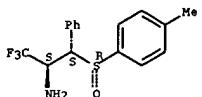
RN 189396-92-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butanamine, 3,3,4,4-tetrafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



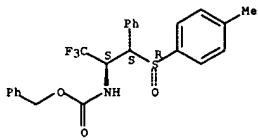
RN 189396-93-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesethanamine, β -[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]- α -(trifluoromethyl)-, (α S, β S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

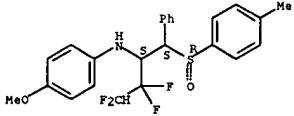


RN 189396-94-9 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(S)-{(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl}phenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

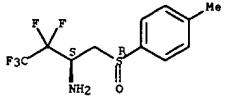


Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



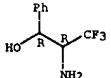
RN 189396-91-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butanamine, 3,3,4,4-tetrafluoro-1-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 189396-96-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesethanol, α -(1R)-1-amino-2,2-trifluoroethyl-, (α R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

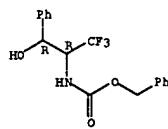
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

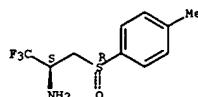
RN 189396-95-0 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(R)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



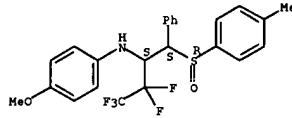
IT 169138-05-0P 189396-89-2P 189396-90-5P
RN 189396-91-6P 189396-96-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); (stereoselective addns. of lithiated alkyl tolyl sulfoxides to fluorosilyl aldimines)
RN 169138-05-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 189396-89-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesethanamine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)- β -[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]- α -(pentafluoroethyl)-, (α S, β S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 189396-90-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesethanamine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)- β -[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]- α -(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl)-, (α S, β S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

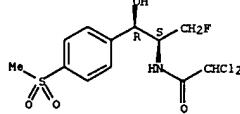
L10 ANSWER 63 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Boron enolates derived from α -heterosubstituted thioacetates and bearing menthone-derived chiral ligands react with aldehydes to give anti aldols with excellent diastereo- and enantiocontrol. Boron enolates derived from tert-Bu α -halothioacetate and bearing menthone-derived chiral ligands react with imines with excellent diastereo- and enantiocontrol to give syn α -halo- β -aminothioesters, which can be converted to the corresponding aziridines by simple ring closure during LAH reduction. A key precursor of antibiotics (+)-thiamphenicol and (-)-Florfenicol was synthesized.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-271411 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:17234
TITLE: Highly enantio- and diastereoselective boron aldol reactions of α -heterosubstituted thioacetates with aldehydes and silyl imines
AUTHOR(S): Gennari, Cesare; Vulpetti, Anna; Pain, Gilles
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dip. Chimica Organica, Industriale, Univ. Milano, Centro CNR Sost. Org. Nat., Milan, 20133, Italy
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1997), 53(16), 5909-5924
CODEN: TETPAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:17234
IT 73231-34-2P, (-)-Florfenicol
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of aldols by enantio- and diastereoselective boron aldol reactions of α -heterosubstituted thioacetates with aldehydes)

RN 73231-34-2 CAPLUS
CN Acetamide, 2,2-dichloro-N-[(1S,2R)-1-(fluoromethyl)-2-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



REFERENCE COUNT: 105 THERE ARE 105 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 64 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Improved synthesis of florfenicol and thiampenicol, broad spectrum antibiotics, was developed and scaled up successfully in the plant. The 1'-dichloromethyloxazoline was established as a key intermediate in the new synthesis. Two methods are described here for the synthesis of florfenicol, i.e., the direct condensation of aminoalcohol with CHCl₂CN and an enantioselective synthesis. A cost-effective one-pot inversion of the benzyl chiral center in 3'-(S,R)-oxazoline to its (R,R)-isomer is reported. A novel one-step ZnCl₂-promoted opening of 2,3-epoxy-1-ol was discovered to form 3'-(S,R)-oxazoline. The desired two R chiral centers in were obtained via two consecutive SN₂ displacement reactions. The starting two S chiral centers were obtained from the Sharpless epoxidation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:253933 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:252646

TITLE: An Improved Industrial Synthesis of Florfenicol plus an Enantioselective Total Synthesis of Thiampenicol and Florfenicol

AUTHOR(S): Gu, Guangzhong; Schumacher, Doris P.; Tormos, Wanda; Clark, John E.; Murphy, Bruce L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ, 07033, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1997), 62(9), 2996-2998

PUBLISHER: CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: American Chemical Society

LANGUAGE: English

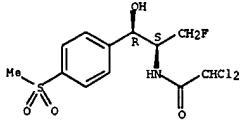
IT 73231-34-2P, Florfenicol

RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (industrial-scale resolution-based synthesis of florfenicol and enantioselective total synthesis of thiampenicol and florfenicol)

RN 73231-34-2 CAPLUS

CN Acetamin, 2,2-dichloro-N-[(1S,2R)-1-(fluoromethyl)-2-hydroxy-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 65 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Chiral aldehyde, (+)-(R)-F3CC(NHOCH₂Ph) (SC6H₄-Me-4)CHO, a new trifluoro-3-carbon building block, was reacted with several Grignard reagents, RMgX, to stereoselectively afford the corresponding anti-carbonates, F3CC(R)(NHOCH₂Ph) (SC6H₄-Me-4)CS(R)(OH)R (I; R = Me, Et, vinyl, Ph). The N,S-ketal stereo center, whose absolute stereochem. was determined by x-ray anal. of the (+)-(S)- α -phenylpropionate ester of I (R = Me), was able to provide excellent stereocontrol. I (R = Ph) was further transformed to (1S,2S)-3,3-trifluorophedrine and (1S,1S)-N-nor-3,3,3-trifluorophedrine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:188006 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:238522

TITLE: N- α -trifluoropropylaldehyde N,s-ketal: absolute stereochemistry and addition of Grignard reagents. Highly stereoselective entry to trifluoro analogs of Ephedra alkaloids

AUTHOR(S): Volenterio, Alessandro; Bravo, Pierfrancesco; Stefano, Silvia Capelli; Meille, Stefano V.; Zanda, Matteo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento Chimica Politecnico, Centro Studio Sostanze Organiche Naturali, Milan, I-20131, Italy

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1997), 38(10), 1847-1850

PUBLISHER: CODEN: TLEAAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier

LANGUAGE: English

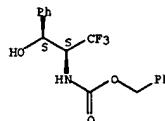
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 126:238522

IT 188566-32-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant), SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of trifluorophedrine analogs via stereoselective Grignard reactions with chiral trifluoropropanal)

RN 188566-32-7 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(S)-hydroxyphenylmethyl]ethyl-, phenylmethyl ester, [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 188566-33-8P 188566-34-9P

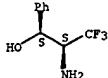
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of trifluorophedrine analogs via stereoselective Grignard reactions with chiral trifluoropropanal)

RN 188566-33-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1S)-1-amino-2,2-trifluoroethyl]-, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

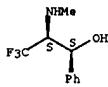
L10 ANSWER 65 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 188566-34-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, α -[(1S)-2,2-trifluoro-1-(methylamino)ethyl]-, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 66 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB In the Experimental Section, most signs of the [α]D values of the compds. described are missing. The following compds. have pos. (+) [α]D values: (Z)-3b, (E)-3b, (Z)-3e, (Z)-4a, 9b (both diastereoisomers), 10a (both diastereoisomers), 11a (both diastereoisomers), 12 (both diastereoisomers), (2S,RS)-14, (2S,RS)-15a, (2S,RS)-15c, (S)-16, (R)-17, (R)-19, (R)-21, (R)-22, and (R)-24. The following compds. have neg. (-) [α]D values: (Z)-3a, (Z)-3c, (Z)-3d, (Z)-5d, (Z)-6a, (Z)-6b, (Z)-7a, (Z)-7b, (Z)-8a, (Z)-8b, and (R)-18.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:733951 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:89105

TITLE: New versatile fluorinated chiral building blocks: synthesis and reactivity of optically pure α -(fluoroalkyl)- β -sulfinylamines.

(Erratum to document cited in CA125:33255)

AUTHOR(S): Arnone, Alberto; Bravo, Pierfrancesco; Capelli, Silvia; Franza, Giovanni; Meille, Stefano V.; Zanda, Matteo; Cavicchio, Giancarlo; Crucianelli, Marcello

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Chimica, Politecnico Milano, Milan, I-20133, Italy

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1996), 61(26), 9635

PUBLISHER: CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: American Chemical Society

LANGUAGE: Journal

IT 169138-03-8P 169138-06-1P 177469-11-3P

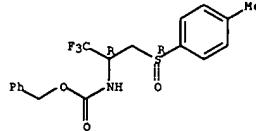
RL: BYP (Byproduct); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylamines

(Erratum)

RN 169138-03-8 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]ethyl-, phenylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

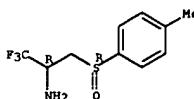
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 169138-06-1 CAPLUS

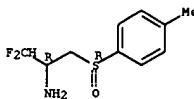
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



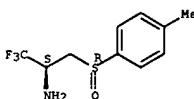
RN 177469-11-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1-difluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 169138-05-0P
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines (Erratum))
RN 169138-05-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

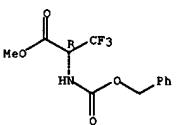


IT 169138-02-7P 172364-77-1P 177268-09-6P
177469-13-5P 177469-14-6P 177469-17-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines (Erratum))
RN 169138-02-7 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]ethyl- , phenylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

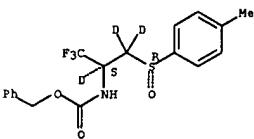
L10 ANSWER 66 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177469-17-9 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl- 1,2,2-d3]-, phenylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



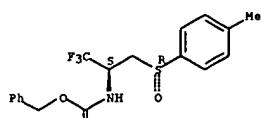
IT 127127-25-7P 172364-73-7P 172490-05-0P
177268-08-5P 177268-13-2P 177268-14-3P
177469-12-4P 177469-15-7P 177469-16-8P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines (Erratum))
RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



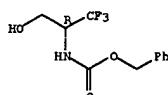
RN 172364-73-7 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2-hydroxy-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl-1,2,2-d3]-, phenylmethyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



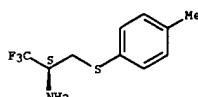
RN 172364-77-1 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



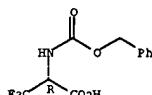
RN 177268-09-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)thio]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

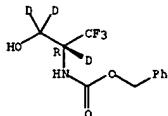


RN 177469-13-5 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

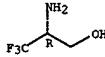


RN 177469-14-6 CAPLUS



RN 172490-05-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Propanol, 2-amino-3,3,3-trifluoro-, hydrochloride, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

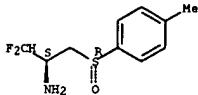
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

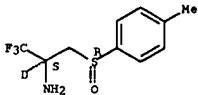
RN 177268-05-5 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1-difluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



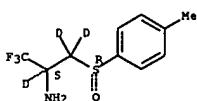
RN 177268-13-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propan-2-d-amine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177268-14-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propan-2-d-amine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-,

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177469-12-4 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, hydrochloride, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

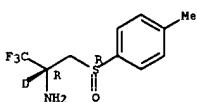
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

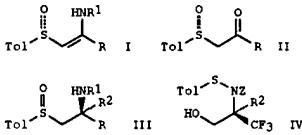
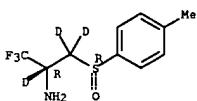
RN 177469-15-7 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-1,2-d3-amine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177469-16-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-1,2-d3-amine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

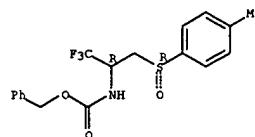
Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Efficient synthesis of optically pure α -(fluoroalkyl)- β -sulfinyl enamines I [Tol = 4-MeC6H4; R = CF3, CF2H, CF2Cl, CF2CF3, CFH2; R1 = H, CO2CH2Ph (Z)] has been achieved by aza-Wittig reaction of triphenyliminophosphoranes Ph2P=N(R1) (R1 = Z, H, SiMe3) with the corresponding α -fluorinated- α' -sulfinyl ketones II. I showed an overwhelming preference for the Z stereochemistry of the enamine form. Their general reactivity has been studied. The reaction with some electrophiles (i.e. benzyl chloroformate and benzyl and allyl bromide) occurs at the nitrogen atom providing the corresponding N,N-disubstituted enamines. Nucleophiles add smoothly to C-2: heteroatom-centered nucleophiles like methanol, ammonia, and thiophenol afford gem-disubstituted derivs. under thermodyn. control, while a C-centered nucleophile like nitromethane adds in irreversible fashion. The hydride- and deuteride-promoted reduction of I to α -fluorinated- α' -sulfinyl amines III (R2 = H, D) has been studied. Hydride addition was stereoselective, while low stereoselection was obtained with the other tested nucleophiles. Desulfurization of optically pure sulfinylamine III (R = CF3, R1 = R2 = H) afforded (R)-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylamine. The Pummerer rearrangement of III (R = CF3, R1 = Z) occurs in an unusual nonoxidative way affording sulfenamides IV, that readily provided (R)-3,3,3-trifluorocalaninol and its 2-deutero analog, and (R)-3,3,3-trifluorocalanine.

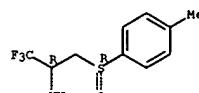
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:259705 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:33255
 TITLE: New Versatile Fluorinated Chiral Building Blocks: Synthesis and Reactivity of Optically Pure α -(Fluoroalkyl)- β -sulfinylenamines
 AUTHOR(S): Arnone, Alberto; Bravo, Pierfrancesco; Capelli, Silvia; Fronza, Giovanni; Meille, Stefano V.; Zanda, Matteo; Cavicchio, Giancarlo; Crucianelli, Marcello
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Chimica, Politecnico Milano, Milan, I-20133, Italy
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1996), 61(10), 3375-87
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 125:33255
 IT 169138-03-8P 169138-06-1P 177469-11-3P
 RL: BVP (Byproduct); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines)
 RN 169138-03-8 CAPLUS
 CN Carbanic acid, [2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]ethyl-

Absolute stereochemistry.



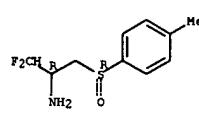
RN 169138-06-1 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177469-11-3 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

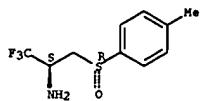
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 169138-05-0P
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines)

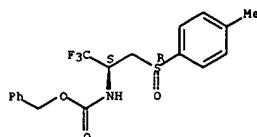
RN 169138-05-0 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(R)-(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



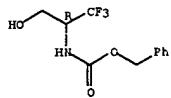
IT 169138-02-7P 172264-77-1P 177268-09-6P
 177469-13-5P 177469-14-6P 177469-17-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines
)
 RN 169138-02-7 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [2,2,2-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]methyl]ethyl-, phenylmethyl ester, [$R-(R^*,S^*)$]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



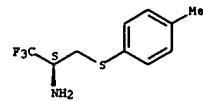
RN 172364-77-1 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

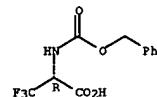


RN 177268-09-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)thio]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

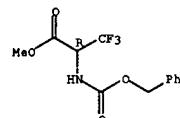


RN 177469-13-5 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



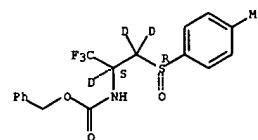
RN 177469-14-6 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



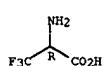
RN 177469-17-9 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, {2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl}-1,2,2-d3J-, phenylmethyl ester, [$R-(R^*,S^*)$]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



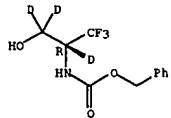
IT 127127-25-7P 172264-73-7P 172490-05-0P
 177268-08-5P 177268-13-2P 177268-14-3P
 177469-12-4P 177469-15-7P 177469-16-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and reactions of chiral (fluoroalkyl)sulfinylenamines
)
 RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



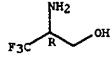
RN 172364-73-7 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [2-hydroxy-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]-1,2,2-d3J-, phenylmethyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177268-05-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanol, 2-amino-3,3,3-trifluoro-, hydrochloride, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

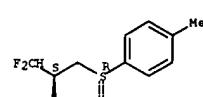
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

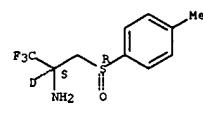
RN 177268-08-5 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1-difluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, [$R-(R^*,S^*)$]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



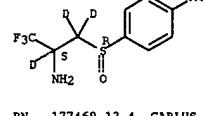
RN 177268-13-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-2-d-amine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R)-(R^{*},S^{*})- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177268-14-3 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-1,1,2-d3-amine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R)-(R^{*},S^{*})- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177469-12-4 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, hydrochloride, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

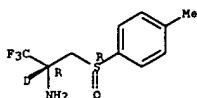
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

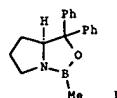
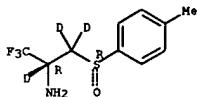
RN 177469-15-7 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-2-d-amine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R)-(R^{*},S^{*})- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177469-16-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propan-1,1,2-d3-amine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfinyl]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Enantiomerically enriched (R)-3,3,3-trifluoroolanine (I) (up to 62% enantiomeric excess) has been synthesized by the asym. reduction of 2-(N-arylimino)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid esters, RN: C(CF₃)CO₂R (R = Et, CH₂Ph, 1-methyl-2,6-Me₂C₆H₃, 3-CiC₆H₄, Ph, 4-MeC₆H₄, 4-MeOC₆H₄) with catecholborane and chiral oxazaborolidine catalyst II and subsequent oxidative removal of the aromatic moiety with retention of the configuration. Detailed optimization studies revealed that the effects of solvents, temperature, and the structural modification of the substrate were drastic on the enantioselectivity. The absolute configuration of I was determined

by x-ray crystallog. of the corresponding N-(S)-(+) -camphorsulfonyl derivative.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:1003912 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:202972

TITLE: Asymmetric reduction of 2-(N-arylimino)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid esters leading to enantiomerically enriched 3,3,3-trifluoroolanine Sakai, Takashi; Yan, Fengyang; Kashino, Setsuo; Ueyama, Kenji

AUTHOR(S): Fac. Eng., Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan
CORPORATE SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1996), 52(1), 233-44
SOURCE: CODEN: TETRADB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

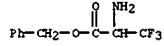
LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:202972

IT 174075-89-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (asym. reduction of (arylimino)trifluoropropanoates to trifluoroolanines with chiral boron hydrides and catalysts)

RN 174075-89-9 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



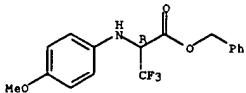
IT 170883-29-1P 170883-32-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (asym. reduction of (arylimino)trifluoropropanoates to trifluoroolanines with chiral boron hydrides and catalysts)

RN 170883-29-1 CAPLUS

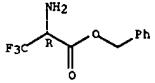
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 170883-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



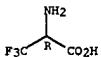
IT 127127-25-7P 170883-25-7P 170883-26-8P
 170883-27-9P 170883-28-0P 170883-30-4P
 170883-33-7P 171034-34-7P 174075-83-3P
 174075-84-4P 174075-85-5P 174075-86-6P
 174075-87-7P 174075-88-8P 174075-90-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (asym. reduction of (arylimino)trifluoropropanoates to trifluoroolanines with chiral boron hydrides and catalysts)

RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS

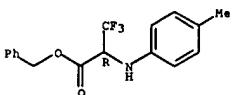
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



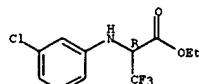
RN 170883-25-7 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methylphenyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 170883-26-8 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, N-(3-chlorophenyl)-3,3,3-trifluoro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

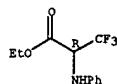
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 170883-27-9 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-phenyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

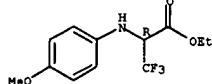
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 170883-28-0 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

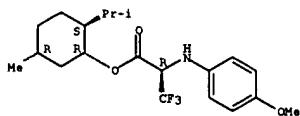
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 170883-30-4 CAPLUS

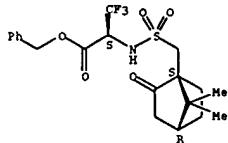
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl ester, [1R-(1a,2B,5c)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



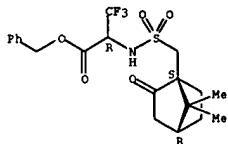
RN 170883-33-7 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, N-[{(7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-1-yl)methyl]sulfonyl]-3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



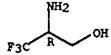
RN 171034-34-7 CAPLUS
 CN D-Alanine, N-[{(7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-1-yl)methyl]sulfonyl}-3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 174075-83-3 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanol, 2-amino-3,3-trifluoro-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

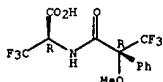


RN 174075-84-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanol, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

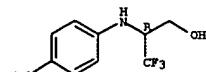
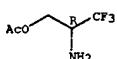


Absolute stereochemistry.



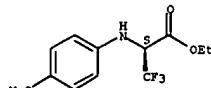
RN 174075-90-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanol, 2-amino-3,3-trifluoro-, acetate (ester), (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



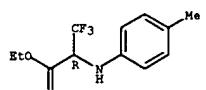
RN 174075-85-5 CAPLUS
 CN D-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



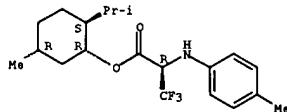
RN 174075-86-6 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methylphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 174075-87-7 CAPLUS
 CN D-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methylphenyl)-, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl ester, [1R-(1a,2B,5a)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 174075-88-8 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-1-oxo-2-phenylpropyl)-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

AB (R)-3,3,3-trifluorocalanine and its derivs. have been synthesized enantioselectively by the asym. reduction of 2-(N-arylimino)-3,3,3-trifluoropropanoic acid esters with (S)-oxazaborolidine-catecholborane system. The absolute configuration was determined to be R by X-ray crystallogr.

anal. of the corresponding N-(S)-(+)-camphorsulfonyl derivative

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:761286 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:9362

TITLE: Asymmetric reduction of 2-(N-arylimino)-3,3,3-

trifluoropropanoic acid esters leading to chiral 3,3,3-trifluorocalanine and its

derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Sakai, Takashi; Yan, Fengyang; Uneyama, Kenji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Engineering, Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan

SOURCE: Synlett (1995), (7), 753-4

CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214

PUBLISHER: Thieme

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:9362

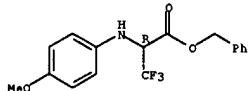
IT 170883-29-1P 170883-32-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (asym. reduction of (arylimino)trifluoropropanoates leading to chiral trifluorocalanine and its derivs.)

RN 170883-29-1 CAPLUS

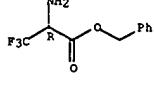
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 170883-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

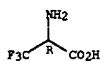


IT 127127-25-7P 170883-25-7P 170883-26-8P
 170883-27-9P 170883-28-0P 170883-30-4P
 170883-31-5P 170883-33-7P 171034-34-7P

RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (asym. reduction of (arylimino)trifluoropropanoates leading to chiral trifluorocalanine and its derivs.)

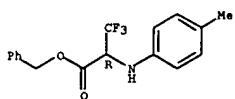
L10 ANSWER 69 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



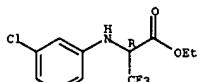
RN 170883-25-7 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methylphenyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



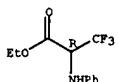
RN 170883-26-8 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, N-(3-chlorophenyl)-3,3,3-trifluoro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 170883-27-9 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-phenyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



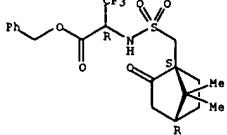
RN 170883-28-0 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

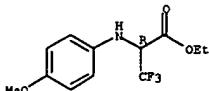


L10 ANSWER 69 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

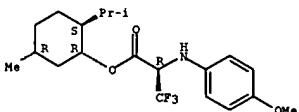


L10 ANSWER 69 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

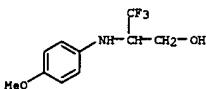


RN 170883-30-4 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, 5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl ester, [1R-(1 α ,2 β ,5 α)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

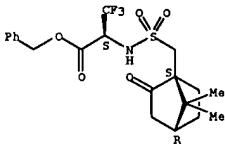


RN 170883-31-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Propanol, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 170883-33-7 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, N-[(7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-1-yl)methyl]sulfonyl]-, 3,3,3-trifluoro-, phenylmethyl ester, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 171034-34-7 CAPLUS
CN D-Alanine, N-[(7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-1-yl)methyl]sulfonyl]-

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 161403-39-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenethanamine, β -(fluoro-18F)-N, α -dimethyl-, [S-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 161403-40-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzenethanamine, β -(fluoro-18F)-N, α -dimethyl-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

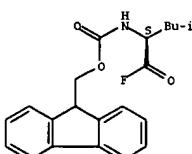


IT 64068-21-9
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
((18F)fluorophenylalkylamines preparation and biodistribution for PET)
RN 64068-21-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesethanamine, β -fluoro-N, α -dimethyl-, hydrochloride, [R-(R',S')]- (SC1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



• HCl



L10 ANSWER 71 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The standard methods of stepwise solid phase synthesis according to Merrifield

could not previously be applied to the synthesis of the important naturally occurring peptibols because of difficulties arising from the pronounced steric hindrance caused by α , α -dialkylated amino acids (incomplete coupling, especially to adjacent similarly constituted units). Racemization due to slow coupling to hindered amino acids, etc.), chain degradation due to the presence of acid-labile Aib-Pro (Aib = α -aminoisobutyric acid) linkages, and the lack of any general method for the loading of C-terminal amino acids to resin supports. Following recent work on model systems, it is now shown that the adoption of 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc) amino acid fluorides as coupling reagents makes possible the facile, general assembly of such peptides. The method was demonstrated for alamethicin F30 and F50, satrapisporin SA III, and trichotoxin A50-J. The crude products were of remarkable purity. Amino acid anal., mass spectral data, and comparison of the synthetic alamethicins with samples of naturally occurring material confirmed the success of the syntheses. No significant amount of racemization (<0.8%) was found for any of the chiral amino acids present. The first step of the synthesis involved a new general method for assembly of C-terminal peptide alcs. via the use of α -chlorotriptyc resin. In addition, model studies on the question of racemization during the coupling of Fmoc amino acid fluorides are reported.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:308989 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:133821
TITLE: Stepwise Automated Solid Phase Synthesis of Naturally Occurring Peptibols Using Fmoc Amino Acid Fluorides
AUTHOR(S): Wenschuh, Holger; Beyermann, Michael; Haber, Ranka; Seydel, Joachim K.; Krause, Eberhard; Blenert, Michael; Carpino, Louis A.; El-Faham, Ayman; Albericio, Fernando
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Molecular Pharmacology, Berlin, D-10315, Germany
SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1995), 60(2), 405-10
CODEN: JOCHAM; ISSN: 0022-3263
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 130858-94-5
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(stepwise automated solid phase synthesis of naturally occurring peptibols using fluoroenylmethoxycarbonylamino acid fluorides)
RN 130858-94-5 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [(1S)-1-(fluorocarbonyl)-3-methylbutyl]-, 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

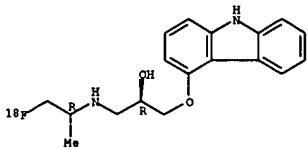
Absolute stereochemistry.

L10 ANSWER 72 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB New β -adrenergic receptor antagonists, 2-(R)-(+)- and 2-(S)-(-)-1-(9H-carbazol-4-yl-oxy)-3-[(1-[fluoromethyl]ethyl)amino]-2-propanol ((S)- and (R)-fluorocarazolol), were labeled with fluorine-18 at the no-carrier-added level by reductive alkylation of desisopropylcarazolol (4-(2-hydroxy-3-amino-1-propoxy)carbazole) with [¹⁸F]fluoracetone. The latter was prepared by nucleophilic substitution of fluoride on acetol tosylate and may serve as a useful synthetic precursor for other radiotracers. The radiochem. yield of [¹⁸F]fluorocarazolol (500-1200 Ci/mmol) from [¹⁸F]fluoride was 40% at the end of the 45 min synthesis. Chiral HPLC showed >99% enantiomeric purity of 2-(S)- and 2-(R)-[¹⁸F]fluorocarazolols. The log P of fluorocarazolol was 2.2 at pH 7.4. The in vitro KD values of (S)- and (R)-fluorocarazolol for the β -adrenergic receptor were measured in a rat heart preparation to be KD = 68 and 1128 pM, resp. Biodistribution expts. in mice demonstrated specific β -adrenergic receptor binding of (S)-[¹⁸F]fluorocarazolol. (R)-[¹⁸F]fluorocarazolol showed no observable specific binding to β -receptors in vivo. The uptake of (R)-[¹⁸F]fluorocarazolol may therefore be used as an estimation of nonspecific binding. Positron emission

tomog. images of pigs showed receptor-specific uptake of (S)-[¹⁸F]fluorocarazolol in the heart and lung. Washout of dissociated ligand from the tissue was observed only after 70 min postinjection. The maximum ratio of specific to nonspecific uptake in pig heart and lung was .apprx.10 at 150 min postinjection. Observed levels of fluorocarazolol metabolites in mouse and pig blood were relatively low and remained fairly constant during the period from 10 to 180 min postinjection. These results indicate that (S)-(-)-[¹⁸F]fluorocarazolol is of interest for use as a radiopharmaceutical for estimation of β -adrenergic receptors with positron tomog.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:596101 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:196101
TITLE: Synthesis, Binding Properties, and ¹⁸F Labeling of Fluorocarazolol, a High-Affinity β -Adrenergic Receptor Antagonist
AUTHOR(S): Zheng, Lei; Berridge, Marc S.; Ernsberger, Paul
CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Medicine, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, OH, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1994), 37(20), 3219-30
CODEN: JMCAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 157989-08-7P 157989-09-EP
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 157989-08-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propanol, 1-(9H-carbazol-4-yl-oxy)-3-[(2-(fluoro-18F)-1-methyl-ethyl)amino]-, monohydrochloride, [R-(R',R')]- (SC1) (CA INDEX NAME)

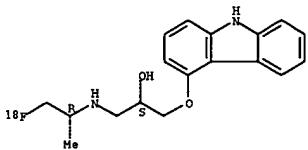
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 157989-09-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanol, 1-(9H-carbazol-4-yloxy)-3-[(2-(fluoro-18F)-1-methylethyl)amino]-, monohydrochloride, [S-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

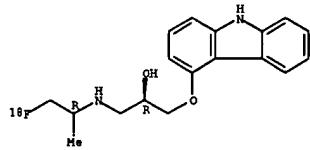
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

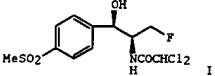
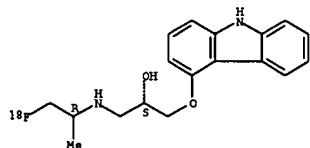
IT 157989-10-1P 157989-11-2P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, β -adrenergic receptors determination by positron emission tomog. in relation to)
 RN 157989-10-1 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanol, 1-(9H-carbazol-4-yloxy)-3-[(2-(fluoro-18F)-1-methylethyl)amino]-, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 157989-11-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanol, 1-(9H-carbazol-4-yloxy)-3-[(1R)-2-(fluoro-18F)-1-methylethyl]amino]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The present invention comprises a process for the asym. synthesis of florfenicol, I, thiamphenicol, or chloramphenicol. The S,S isomer of florfenicol is isomerized to the R,S isomer by sequentially treating with: (i) a lower alkylsulfonyl chloride and a tertiary amine base; (ii) sulfuric acid and water; and (iii) an alkali metal hydroxide. The present invention further comprises a process for regioselectively opening an epoxide to form a threo-oxazoline.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994-533722 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:133722

TITLE: Asymmetric process for preparing florfenicol, thiamphenicol, chloramphenicol or oxazoline intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Wu, Guang-Zhong; Tormos, Wanda I.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Corp., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: PIKKD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

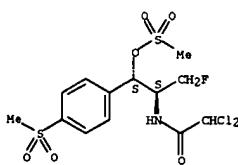
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9414764	A1	19940707	WO 1993-US12071	19931215
W: AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KR, KZ, LK, LV, MG, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SK, UA, US, UZ, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5352832	A	19941004	US 1992-993932	19921218
CA 2152089	AA	19940707	CA 1993-2152089	19931215
AU 9457484	A1	19940719	AU 1994-57484	19931215
AU 676003	B2	19970227		
EP 674618	A1	19951004	EP 1994-903599	19931215
EP 674618	B1	19980909		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
HU 72669	A2	19960528	HU 1995-1776	19931215
JP 08504819	T2	19960528	JP 1994-515232	19931215
JP 3428016	B2	20030722		
AT 170935	E	19980915	AT 1994-903599	19931215
ES 2120605	T3	19981101	ES 1994-903599	19931215
RU 2126383	C1	19990220	RU 1995-115555	19931215
PL 177891	B1	20000131	PL 1993-309393	19931215
CZ 287461	B6	20001115	CZ 1995-1598	19931215
SK 281701	B6	20010710	SK 1995-777	19931215
FI 9502872	A	19950612	FI 1995-2872	19950612
FI 109295	B1	20020628		
NO 9502425	A	19950616	NO 1995-2425	19950616

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 121:133722; MARPAT 121:133722

IT 157142-65-9P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reaction of, in preparation of florfenicol)

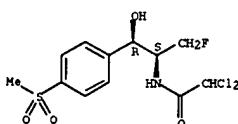
RN 157142-65-9 CAPLUS
 CN Acetanide, 2,2-dichloro-N-[1-(fluoromethyl)-2-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethyl]-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



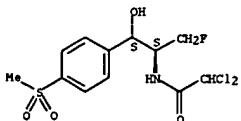
IT 73231-34-2P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, from asym. starting materials)
 RN 73231-34-2 CAPLUS
 CN Acetanide, 2,2-dichloro-N-[1-(fluoromethyl)-2-hydroxy-2-[(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 157240-06-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, in preparation of florfenicol)
 RN 157240-06-7 CAPLUS
 CN Acetanide, 2,2-dichloro-N-[1-(fluoromethyl)-2-hydroxy-2-[(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethyl]-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



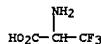
L10 ANSWER 74 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The monofluorinated analogs of 2-aminoacrylic acids up to C7 were efficiently separated into the diastereomers on glass capillary columns coated with achiral phases BP-1, BP-10 and OV-330. In addition, some difluoro and trifluoro analogs were also measured. Chiral resolution was achieved on capillary wall-coated open tubular fused-silica columns coated with chiral phases XE-60-L-Val-L-(1-phenylethyl)amide, Chirasil-L-Val and Behenyl-L-Val-tert-butylamide. The separation factors and the Kovats indexes of the fluorinated amino acids were determined and compared.

The erythro isomers display a higher degree of resolution than the threo ones. The order of elution was found to be the L- after the D-solute on all L-phases.

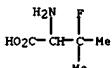
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:123831 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:123831
 TITLE: Gas chromatographic separation of diastereoisomeric and enantiomeric forms of some fluorinated amino acids on glass capillary column
 AUTHOR(S): Vlasáková, V.; Toman, V.; Zivný, K.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Nuclear Biology and Radiochemistry, Czech Academy of Sciences, Videnská 1083, Prague, 14220/4, Czech.
 SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography (1993), 639(2), 273-9
 CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 16652-37-2 17463-43-3 43163-94-6
 84277-05-4 84277-08-7 110415-69-5
 110415-70-8 110415-71-9 110415-72-0
 149560-55-4 149560-58-7
 RL: ANST (Analytical study); PROC (Process)
 (resolution of, by capillary gas chromatog.)
 RN 16652-37-2 CAPLUS
 CN Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



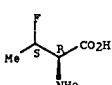
RN 17463-43-3 CAPLUS
 CN Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



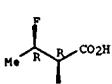
RN 43163-94-6 CAPLUS
 CN Valine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



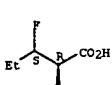
RN 84277-05-4 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.



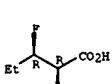
RN 84277-08-7 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, (R*,R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.



RN 110415-69-5 CAPLUS
 CN Norvaline, 3-fluoro-, erythro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.

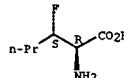


RN 110415-70-8 CAPLUS
 CN Norvaline, 3-fluoro-, threo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.

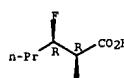


RN 110415-71-9 CAPLUS
 CN Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, erythro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

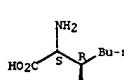
Relative stereochemistry.



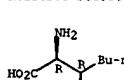
RN 110415-72-0 CAPLUS
 CN Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, threo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.



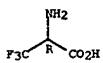
RN 149560-55-4 CAPLUS
 CN Heptanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.



RN 149560-58-7 CAPLUS
 CN Heptanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, (R*,R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Relative stereochemistry.

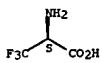


IT 127127-25-7 129939-36-2
 RL: ANST (Analytical study); PROC (Process)
 (separation of, from enantiomer)
 RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 129939-36-2 CAPLUS
CN D-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

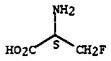
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 35455-20-0 35455-21-1 58960-35-3
59782-74-8 64813-63-4 68781-14-6
68781-15-7 68781-16-8 149560-44-1
149560-45-2 149560-47-4 149560-48-5
149560-50-9 149560-51-0 149560-53-2
149560-54-3 149560-56-5 149560-57-6
149560-59-8 149560-60-1
RL: ANT (Analytical) ANST (Analytical study)
(separation of from enantiomer by capillary gas chromatog.)

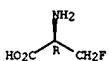
RN 35455-20-0 CAPLUS
CN D-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



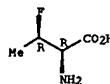
RN 35455-21-1 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



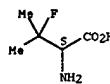
RN 58960-35-3 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



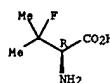
RN 59752-74-8 CAPLUS
CN D-Valine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



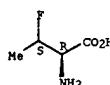
RN 64813-63-4 CAPLUS
CN L-Valine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



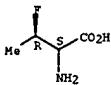
RN 68781-14-6 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, (S-(R*,S*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



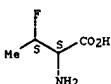
RN 68781-15-7 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



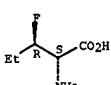
RN 68781-16-8 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



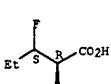
RN 149560-44-1 CAPLUS
CN D-Norvaline, 3-fluoro-, erythro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



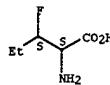
RN 149560-45-2 CAPLUS
CN L-Norvaline, 3-fluoro-, erythro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



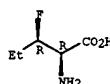
RN 149560-47-4 CAPLUS
CN D-Norvaline, 3-fluoro-, threo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



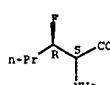
RN 149560-48-5 CAPLUS
CN L-Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, threo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



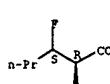
RN 149560-50-9 CAPLUS
CN D-Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, erythro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



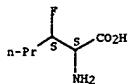
RN 149560-51-0 CAPLUS
CN L-Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, erythro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



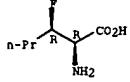
RN 149560-53-2 CAPLUS
CN D-Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, threo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



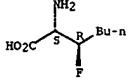
RN 149560-54-3 CAPLUS
CN L-Norleucine, 3-fluoro-, threo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



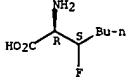
RN 149560-56-5 CAPLUS
CN Heptanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



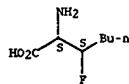
RN 149560-57-6 CAPLUS
CN Heptanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [S-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



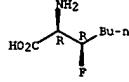
RN 149560-59-8 CAPLUS
CN Heptanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 149560-60-1 CAPLUS
CN Heptanoic acid, 2-amino-3-fluoro-, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L10 ANSWER 75 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB CF3CH(CN)NHR [I; R = branched or cyclic (heteroatom- or double bond-containing) chiral alkyl] are prepared by treating CF3CH:NR (II; R = same as I) with metal cyanides. Optically active II (R = CHMePh) and Me3SiCN in CH2Cl2 were treated with ZnI2 at 0° overnight to give 71:2:1 diastereomeric mixture of I (R = CHMePh).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:670645 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:270645

TITLE: Preparation of optically active trifluoroalanine precursors

INVENTOR(S): Kubota, Toshio; Masaki, Futoshi; Katagiri, Toshiyuki; Nitsuko Kyosaki KK, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: JKOKKF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

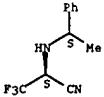
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

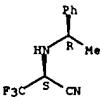
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05186411	A2	19930727	JP 1992-20635	19920110
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-20635	19920110
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 119:270645; MARPAT 119:270645			
IT 151331-10-1P 151331-12-3P				
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, from trifluoroethanamine and trimethylsilyl cyanide)				
RN 151331-10-1 CAPLUS				
CN Propanenitrile, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-[(1-phenylethyl)amino]-, (R*,R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 151331-12-3 CAPLUS
CN Propanenitrile, 3,3,3-trifluoro-2-[(1-phenylethyl)amino]-, (R*,R*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



L10 ANSWER 76 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB In the course of the 1H NMR investigation of selegiline and compds. related to it, the 3J coupling consts. of the protons of the α and the β carbon of the β-phenylethylamine moiety were determined. The rotamer populations around the single bond of the α and β C were calculated from these values. The effects of substituents on the α-C atom, the N atom and on the Ph ring, as well as the solvent on the conformational equilibrium were determined. The optical purity of the samples

was determined using chiral Eu-shift reagents. The coordination process between p-fluorochamphetamine and Eu(tcf)3 was studied in detail, the formation constant of the complex and the chemical shifts were determined

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:524981 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:124981

TITLE: NMR investigation of selegiline and compounds related to it

AUTHOR(S): Podanyi, Benjamin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chinoim Gyogyszer Vegyeszeti Termekek Gyara Rt., Budapest, Hung.

SOURCE: Acta Pharmaceutica Hungarica (1992), 62(5), 218-24

CODEN: APHGAO; ISSN: 0001-6659

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Hungarian

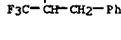
IT 149225-51-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(NMR spectroscopy of)

RN 149225-51-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenethanamine, N-methyl-α-(trifluoromethyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



• HCl

L10 ANSWER 77 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The separation of enantiomers of 3-fluoralanine, 3,3-difluoralanine and 3,3,3-trifluoralanine on ChiralPro[®]Cu, ChiralVal[®]Cu and Chiral-1 Nucleosil columns was studied. The substitution of hydrogen for fluorine atoms results in a significant increase in the selectivity of separation of the enantiomers. The relationship between the number of fluorine atoms and the retention of enantiomers on different columns was studied. Optimum conditions for the separation of enantiomers were found.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:439544 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:39544

TITLE: High-performance ligand-exchange liquid chromatography of fluoro derivatives of alanine

AUTHOR(S): Galushko, S. V.; Shishkina, I. P.; Gerus, I. I.; Kolycheva, M. T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Bioorg. Chem. Oil Chem., Kiev, 253660, Ukraine

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography (1992), 600(1), 83-5

CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 16652-37-2 17463-43-3 109584-01-2
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); ANST (Analytical study); PROC (Process)
 (separation of, by high-performance ligand-exchange liquid chromatog. on chiral stationary phases)

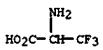
RN 16652-37-2 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



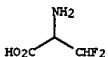
RN 17463-43-3 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109584-01-2 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, 3,3-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 35455-20-0 35455-21-1 59729-23-6

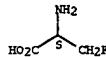
78887-06-6 127127-25-7 129939-36-2

RL: ANST (Analytical study); PROC (Process)
 (separation of, from enantiomer by high-performance ligand-exchanged liquid chromatog. on chiral stationary phases)

L10 ANSWER 77 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RN 35455-20-0 CAPLUS

CN D-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

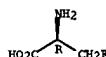
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 35455-21-1 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

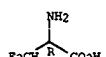
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 59729-23-6 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3,3-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

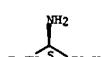
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 78887-06-6 CAPLUS

CN D-Alanine, 3,3-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

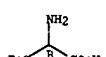
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

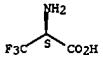


RN 129939-36-2 CAPLUS

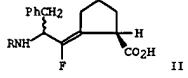
CN D-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L10 ANSWER 77 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



L10 ANSWER 78 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI



AB A report from a symposium on the preparation of trans-fluoroolefin dipeptide isosteres (E)-RNHC(HR1CF₂)CH(COR3) [I; R = Me302C (Boc), 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc); R1 = H, CH2Ph; R2 = H, CH2Ph; R3 = OH] and II [R = Boc, Fmoc]. I were prepared by several olefination and alkylation reactions, as well as hetero-Cope rearrangements of allylic imino esters to give chiral derivs. I, II were prepared by alkylation and fluoroolefination of cyclopentanone derivs. (S)- And (R)-I (R = Fmoc, R1 = CH2Ph, R2 = H, R3 = OH) were converted into substance P analogs (R)- and (S)-I (R = H-Arg-Pro-Lys-Pro-Gln-Gln-Phe, R1 = CH2Ph, R2 = H, R3 = Leu-Met-NH2), and their binding affinities toward substance P receptors determined.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:186051 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:186051

TITLE: Fluoroolefin dipeptide isosteres

AUTHOR(S): Allmendinger, Thomas; Felder, Eduard; Hungerbuehler, Ernst

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Res. Lab., Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Basel, CH-4002, Switz.

SOURCE: ACS Symposium Series (1991), 456 (Sel. Fluorination Org. Bioorg. Chem.), 186-95

CODEN: ACSMC8; ISSN: 0097-6156

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

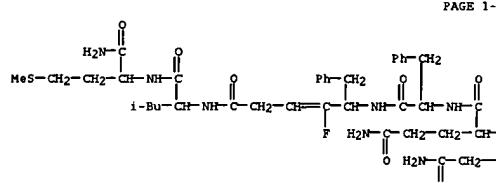
IT 132549-53-2P 132618-90-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and binding of, to substance P receptors)

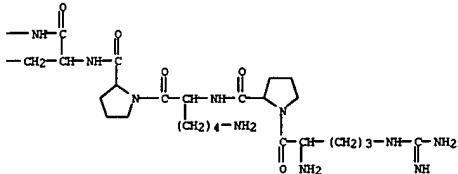
RN 132549-53-2 CAPLUS

CN Substance P, 8-[2-(2-β,γ-didehydro-γ-fluoro-L-β-

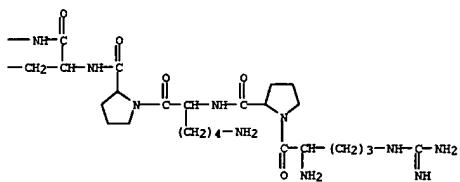
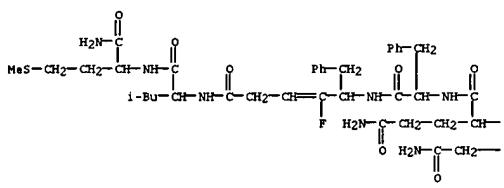
aminobenzenehexanoic acid)-9-deglycine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 1-A

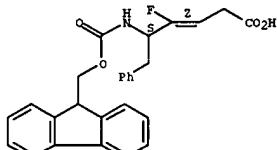


RN 132618-90-7 CAPLUS
CN Substance P, 8-[(Z)-β,γ-dihydro-γ-fluoro-D-5-aminobenzenehexanoic acid]-9-deglycine- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



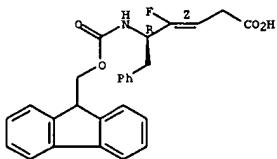
IT 129599-84-4P 129599-85-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and peptide coupling reactions of substance P analog from)
RN 129599-84-4 CAPLUS
CN 3-Hexenoic acid, 5-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-4-fluoro-6-phenyl-, (S-(Z))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



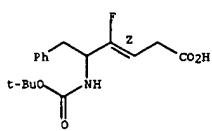
RN 129599-85-5 CAPLUS
CN 3-Hexenoic acid, 5-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-4-fluoro-6-phenyl-, [R-(Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

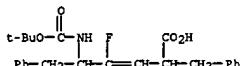


IT 129599-77-5P 129599-78-6P 129599-82-2P
129599-86-6P 129599-87-7P 129678-05-3P
129704-64-9P 129704-65-0P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as dipeptide isosteres)
RN 129599-77-5 CAPLUS
CN 3-Hexenoic acid, 5-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino-4-fluoro-6-phenyl-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

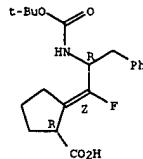


RN 129599-78-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, α-[3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-2-fluoro-4-phenyl-1-butene- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



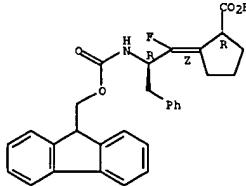
RN 129599-82-2 CAPLUS
CN Cyclopentanecarboxylic acid, 2-[2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-1-fluoro-3-phenylpropylidene-, [R*,R*- (Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



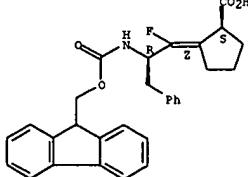
RN 129599-86-6 CAPLUS
CN Cyclopentanecarboxylic acid, 2-[2-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-1-fluoro-3-phenylpropylidene-, [R*,R*- (Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



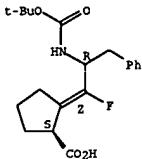
RN 129599-87-7 CAPLUS
CN Cyclopentanecarboxylic acid, 2-[2-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-1-fluoro-3-phenylpropylidene-, [R*,S*- (Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



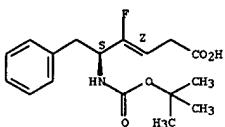
RN 129678-05-3 CAPLUS
 CN Cyclopentanecarboxylic acid, 2-[(2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino)-1-fluoro-3-phenylpropylidene]-, [R¹,S²-(Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



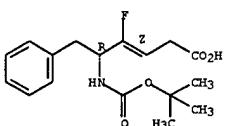
RN 129704-64-9 CAPLUS
 CN 3-Hexenoic acid, 5-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino)-4-fluoro-6-phenyl-, (R-(Z))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



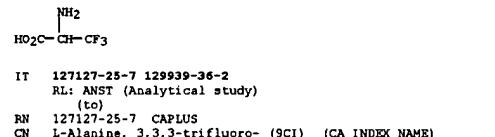
RN 129704-65-0 CAPLUS
 CN 3-Hexenoic acid, 5-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino)-4-fluoro-6-phenyl-, (R-(Z))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



L10 ANSWER 79 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The chromatog. behavior of some α -trifluoromethyl- α -amino acids on L-proline and L-hydroxyproline sorbents was studied. The retention and selectivity parameters of the separation of amino acid enantiomers on the sorbents were determined. The introduction of a CF group led to an increased selectivity in the separation of amino acid enantiomers on a proline sorbent and to a decreased selectivity on a hydroxyproline sorbent.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:623852 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:223852
 TITLE: Ligand-exchange chromatography of α -trifluoromethyl- α -amino acids on chiral sorbents
 AUTHOR(S): Galushko, S. V.; Shishkina, I. P.; Soloshonok, V. A.; Kukhar, V. P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Bioorg. Chem., Kiev, 252660, USSR
 SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography (1990), 511, 115-21
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 17463-43-3 RL: ANST (Analytical study); PROC (Process)
 (resolution of, by ligand-exchange chromatog. on chiral sorbents, attempted)
 RN 17463-43-3 CAPLUS
 CN Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



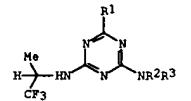
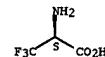
RN 127127-25-7 129939-36-2
 RL: ANST (Analytical study)
 (to)
 RN 127127-25-7 CAPLUS
 CN L-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 129939-36-2 CAPLUS
 CN D-Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

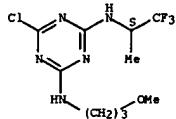


AB L-I [R1 = Cl, F; R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, (halo)phenylalkyl], were prepared. Thus, cyanuric chloride in PhMe at 8-10° was treated with L-MeCH(CF₃)NH₂ (preparation from L-alanine given) and then aqueous NaOH; after 15-30 min, H₂NCH₂CH₂CH₂OMe was added at 15-20° followed by addnl. aqueous NaOH to give 95% L-I [R1 = Cl, R2 = H, R3 = (CH₂)₃OMe]. Several L-I at 500 g/ha preemergent gave complete control of Abutilon.

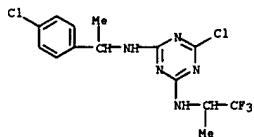
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:612024 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:212024
 TITLE: Preparation of L-2-halo-4-amino-6-(1-methyl-2,2,2-trifluoroethylamino)-s-triazines as herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Tarnow, Horst; Baasner, Bernd; Luerssen, Klaus; Santel, Hans Joachim; Schmidt, Rudolf R.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer A.-G., Germany
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 12 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3900300	A1	19900712	DE 1989-3900300	19890107
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT	113:212024; MARPAT	113:212024	
IT 130443-77-5P 130443-78-6P 130443-79-7P			DE 1989-3900300	19890107
130443-80-0P 130443-81-1P 130443-82-2P				
130443-83-3P 130443-84-4P 130443-85-5P				
130443-86-6P 130443-87-7P 130443-88-8P				
130443-89-9P 130443-90-2P 130443-91-3P				
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effect, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)				
RN 130443-77-5 CAPLUS				
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-(3-methoxypropyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

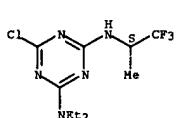
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 130443-78-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



Absolute stereochemistry.



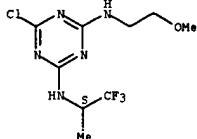
RN 130443-79-7 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N,N-diethyl-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



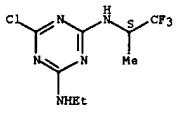
RN 130443-80-0 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-propyl-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



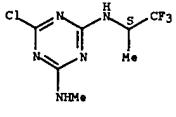
RN 130443-84-4 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-ethyl-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 130443-85-5 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-methyl-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 130443-86-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N,N'-bis(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



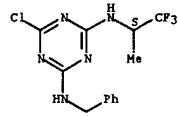
RN 130443-81-1 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, N,N-dibutyl-6-chloro-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



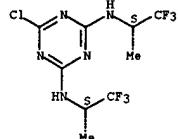
RN 130443-82-2 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-(phenylmethyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



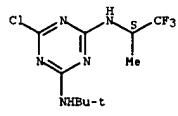
RN 130443-83-3 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



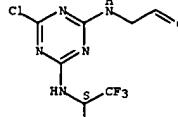
RN 130443-87-7 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



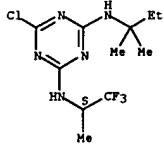
RN 130443-88-8 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-2-propenyl-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



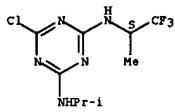
RN 130443-89-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



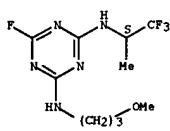
RN 130443-90-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-chloro-N-(1-methylethyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-(S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



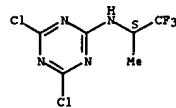
RN 130443-91-3 CAPLUS
 CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-fluoro-N-(3-methoxypropyl)-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-(S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 130443-92-4P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as herbicide intermediate)
 RN 130443-92-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1,3,5-Triazin-2-amine, 4,6-dichloro-N-(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl)-(S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 125278-10-6P 125353-44-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as intermediate for triazine herbicide)
 RN 125278-10-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1-trifluoro-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

AB Enantiomers of α -trifluoromethyl- α -amino acids were separated on chiral sorbent containing hydroxyproline residue (Si-100-Polyol-Pro-Gu). The retention of enantiomers depended on the Cu concentration (10-2-10-3M CuSO₄) in the mobile phase. Addition of 30-40% organic solvents (MeOH, EtOH) to

the mobile phase practically did not affect the retention; however, further increase in the concentration in the mobile phase decreased the efficiency. The α -trifluoromethyl group substantially increases the selective separation of amino acid enantiomers.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:111035 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:111035

TITLE: Determination of enantiomeric composition of α -trifluoromethyl- α -amino acids by ligand-exchange microcolumn chromatography

AUTHOR(S): Galushko, S. V.; Shishkina, I. P.; Kobzev, S. P.; Soloshonok, V. A.; Yagupol'skii, Yu. L.; Kukhar, V. P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Biorg. Chem., Kiev, USSR
 SOURCE: Zhurnal Analiticheskoi Khimii (1988), 43(11), 2067-9
 CODEN: ZAKHA8; ISSN: 0044-4502

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

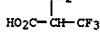
IT 17463-43-3, Racemic α -trifluoromethylglycine

RL: PROC (Process)

(resolution of, by microcolumn chromatog.)

RN 17463-43-3 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The synthesis of a series of phosphinic acid dipeptide analogs, NH₂CH(R1)PO(OH)CH(R2)CO₂H, related to D-Ala-D-Ala, is reported. The best of these compds. are potent, essentially irreversible inhibitors of D-Ala-D-Ala ligase, and their preferred stereochem. was shown by chiral synthesis of (1-S)-aminoethyl)(2R)-carboxy-1-propyl)phosphinic acid (I) and by x-ray crystallog. of its derivative benzyl (1(S)-(benzoyloxycarbonyl)aminoethyl)(2(R)-carbomethoxy-1-propyl)phosphinate, to correspond to the stereochem. configuration of D-Ala-D-Ala at both centers. A mechanism for the inhibition of D-Ala-D-Ala ligase by these compds. is proposed to involve an ATP-dependent formation of phosphorylated inhibitor within the enzyme's active site. The antibacterial activities of the compds. are modest although their spectra include both Gram-pos. and Gram-neg. susceptible organisms. The best antibacterial activity was shown by (1(S)-aminoethyl)(2-carboxy-2(R)-methylthio-1-ethyl)phosphinic acid, whose MICs range 4-128 mg/ml on 9 of 11 bacteria. Combination of an active phosphinic acid, I, with the alanine racemase inhibitor fluoro-D-alanine enhances the antibacterial spectrum of the latter on several strains of bacteria and inhibits fluoro-D-alanine's self-reversal, which normally occurs at concns. several fold higher than its MIC level. This inhibition of fluoro-D-alanine self-reversal is consistent with an involvement of D-Ala-D-Ala ligase inhibition in the antibacterial activity of these compds.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:20972 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:20972

TITLE: Phosphinic acid inhibitors of D-alanyl-D-alanine ligase

AUTHOR(S): Parsons, William H.; Patchett, Arthur A.; Bull, Herbert G.; Schoen, William R.; Taub, David; Davidson, Jacqueline Combs, Patricia L.; Springer, James P.; Gadibusch, Hans; et al.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Merck Inst. Ther. Res., Merck Sharp and Dohme Res. Lab., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1988), 31(9), 1772-8

CODEN: JMCAR8 ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:20972

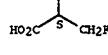
IT 35455-20-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (bactericidal activities of phosphinic acid alanylalanine ligase inhibitors combined with)

RN 35455-20-0 CAPLUS

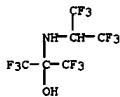
CN D-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L10 ANSWER 83 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Reaction of $\text{H}_2\text{P}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OH})$ with $\text{HN}=\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2$ gave $\text{HP}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OH})(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{NH}_2)$ (I) which was also prepared by the reaction of $\text{H}_2\text{P}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{NH}_2$ with $(\text{P}_3\text{C})_2\text{CO}$. Silylation of $\text{HP}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OH})_2$ with $\text{Me}_3\text{SiCl}-(\text{Me}_3\text{Si})_2\text{NH}$ gave $\text{HP}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OSiMe}_3)(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OH})$ (II), whereas silylation of I gave $\text{HP}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OSiMe}_3)(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{NH}_2$ (III), whereas silylation of II with same reagents gave $\text{HP}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OSiMe}_3)_2$ which was halogenated with N-halosuccinimide to give $\text{XP}(\text{C}(\text{CF}_3)_2\text{OSiMe}_3)_2$ ($X = \text{Cl}, \text{Br}$). $^{19}\text{F}-^{19}\text{F}$ homocorrelated 2D spectrum of I showed a long range $^{19}\text{F}-^{19}\text{F}$ couplings probably via a nonbond mechanism.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:37948 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:37948
 TITLE: Bis[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]phosphine
 AUTHOR(S): Kischkel, Helmut; Francke, Rudolph; Roesenthaler,
 Gero Volker
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Bremen, Bremen, 2800/33, Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Revue de Chimie Minerale (1986), 23(45), 690-700
 CODEN: RVCHA9; ISSN: 0035-1032
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:37948
 IT 112313-46-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 112313-46-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanol, 1,1,1,3,3-hexafluoro-2-[[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

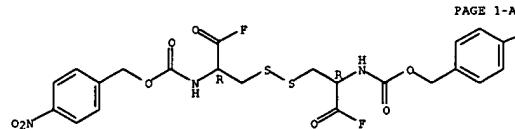


IT 1619-92-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with hexafluoracetone)
 RN 1619-92-7 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propanamine, 1,1,1,3,3-hexafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 84 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and condensation of, with triphenyltin deriv.)
 RN 95107-93-0 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Oxa-7,8-dithia-4,11-diazadodecan-12-oic acid, 5,10-bis(fluorocarbonyl)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)-3-oxo-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

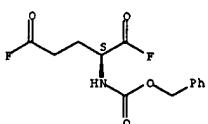


PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

IT 95107-91-8P 95107-92-9P 110270-46-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and condensation of, with triphenyltin deriv.)
 RN 95107-91-8 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [(4-fluoro-1-(fluorocarbonyl)-4-oxobutyl)-, phenylmethyl ester, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

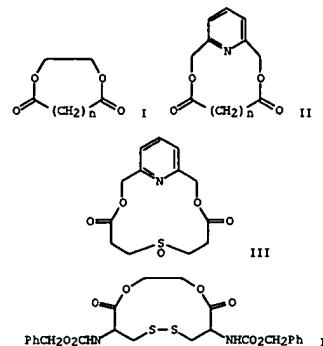
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 95107-92-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Oxa-7,8-dithia-4,11-diazadodecan-12-oic acid, 5,10-bis(fluorocarbonyl)-3-oxo-1-phenyl-, phenylmethyl ester, [R-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

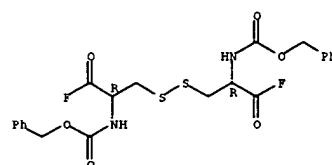
L10 ANSWER 84 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



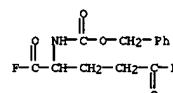
AB Intermol. condensation of $(\text{Ph}_3\text{SnO})_2\text{Q}$ ($\text{Q} = \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$, 2,6-pyridinediylidioxime) with diacid difluorides (FCO_2Zn) [$\text{QI} = (\text{CH}_2)_n$ ($n = 3, 4, 6$), $\text{CH}(\text{NHCO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Ph})\text{CH}_2\text{Zn}$] gave macrocyclic dilactones, e.g., I ($n = 4, 6$), II ($n = 3, 6$), including dilactones containing S_2 , S_2^+ and $\text{S}(=\text{O})$ moieties, e.g., III, IV. Thus, $\text{Ph}_3\text{SnOSnPh}_3$ was treated with $\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Zn}$, then with $\text{FCO}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{COF}$ to give 35% ($n = 4$). Chiral macrocyclic dilactones were prepared from optically active amino acids. In some cases, formation of dilactones was accompanied by formation of tetralactones and oligomeric lactones. Effects of dilution, temperature, and ring-size on the reaction were examined. The binding abilities of the dilactones were determined by pick rate extraction from H_2O to CHCl_3 . In some cases, selective complexation of Ca^{2+} was observed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:617502 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:217502
 TITLE: Synthesis of macrocyclic dilactones with the aid of organotin compounds. Application to sulfur macrocycles (sulfides, sulfoxides, disulfides). Selective complexation with calcium ion
 AUTHOR(S): Picard, C.; Cazaux, L.; Tisnes, P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Paul Sabatier, Toulouse, 31062, Fr.
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1986), 42(13), 3503-19
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 107:217502
 IT 95107-93-0P

L10 ANSWER 84 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 110270-46-7 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [4-fluoro-1-(fluorocarbonyl)-4-oxobutyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 85 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Capillary gas chromatog. (GC) on chiral stationary phases, i.e.,
 Chirasil-Val [*l*-valine-tert-(R)-*a*-butyramide] and
 XE-60-S-valine-(N-*a*-phenylsulfonyl)amide has been applied to the
 resolution of various substituted analogs of putrescine as their
N,N'-perfluoroacyl derivs. The influence of the nature of the substituent
 on the retention behavior and on the resolution of the enantiomers was
 studied. The results are discussed in terms of volatility and interaction
 with the chiral stationary phase. The 1,4-disubstituted
 putrescine analogs with 2 chiral centers were also clearly
 resolved into their corresponding stereoisomers. When the chain length
 between the 2 amino groups was increased, no clear resolution was obtained
 of
 the monosubstituted cadaverine analogs as their *N,N'*-perfluoroacyl derivs.
 However, resolution was obtained after derivatization of the cadaverine
 analogs with (-)-*a*-methoxy-*a*-trifluoromethylphenylacetyl
 chloride, followed by GC anal. on an achiral phase.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:571733 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:171733

TITLE: Separation of the enantiomers of substituted
 putrescine and cadaverine analogs by gas
 chromatography on chiral and achiral
 stationary phases

AUTHOR(S): Gaget, Christian; Wolf, Evelyne; Heintzelmann,
 Blanchet-Wagner, Joseph

CORPORATE SOURCE: Strasbourg Cent., Merrell Dow Res. Inst., Strasbourg,
 67084, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography (1987), 395, 597-608.

CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673

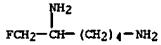
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 110764-69-7 110764-70-0 110764-71-1
 RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
 (separation of, by gas chromatog.)

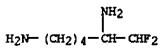
RN 110764-69-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,5-Hexanediamine, 6-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



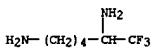
RN 110764-70-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,5-Hexanediamine, 6,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

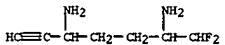


RN 110764-71-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,5-Hexanediamine, 6,6,6-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

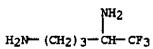


L10 ANSWER 85 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 110764-63-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, 5,5,5-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

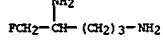


L10 ANSWER 85 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

IT 69768-79-2 82006-58-4 86120-58-3
 86559-36-6 86617-99-4 86634-46-0
 110764-63-1
 RL: PROC (Process)
 (separation of, by gas chromatog. as trifluoroacetyl derivative)

RN 69768-79-2 CAPLUS

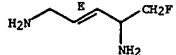
CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, 5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 82006-58-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pentene-1,4-diamine, 5-fluoro-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 86120-58-3 CAPLUS

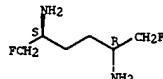
CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, 5,5-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 86559-36-6 CAPLUS

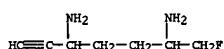
CN 2,5-Hexanediamine, 1,6-difluoro-, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 86617-99-4 CAPLUS

CN 6-Heptyne-2,5-diamine, 1-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 86634-46-0 CAPLUS

CN 6-Heptyne-2,5-diamine, 1,1-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 86 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Gas chromatog. (GC) with a chiral stationary phase,
 Chirasil-Val, was used for separation of the enantiomers of several analogs
 of α - and β -alanine as their *N*-trifluoroacetyl iso-Pr esters. The
 same chiral phase GC procedure was applied to the enantiomeric
 separation of various substituted GABA analogs. Reversed-phase HPLC with
 the chiral Cu-L-proline complex allowed a clear resolution of all the
 α -amino acids in their underivatized forms. It yielded somewhat
 smaller separation coeffs. for the substituted β -alanines and no resolution
 for the GABA analogs. The influence of the nature of the amino acid,
 α , β , or γ , and the effects of the different substituents
 on the separation coeffs. obtained by GC and HPLC are discussed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:473572 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:73572

TITLE: Chiral separation of enantiomers of
 substituted α - and β -alanine and
 γ -aminobutyric acid analogs by gas
 chromatography and high-performance liquid
 chromatography

AUTHOR(S): Wagner, J.; Wolf, E.; Heintzelmann, B.; Gaget, C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Strasbourg Cent., Merrell Dow Res. Inst., Strasbourg,
 67084, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography (1987), 392, 211-24

CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 584-20-3 16652-37-2 17463-43-3

35455-21-1 77162-46-0 77162-47-1

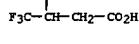
109537-89-5 109537-90-6 109584-01-2

RL: PROC (Process)

(resolution of, by gas chromatog. and HPLC)

RN 584-20-3 CAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 3-amino-4,4,4-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



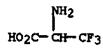
RN 16652-37-2 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



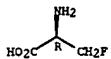
RN 17463-43-3 CAPLUS

CN Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

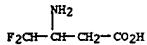


RN 35465-21-1 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

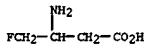
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 77162-46-0 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-amino-4,4-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

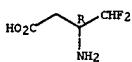


RN 77162-47-1 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-amino-4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

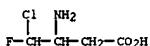


RN 109537-89-5 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-amino-4,4-difluoro-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

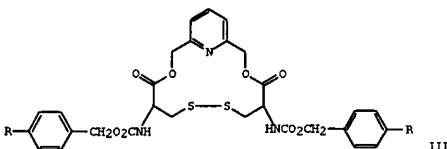
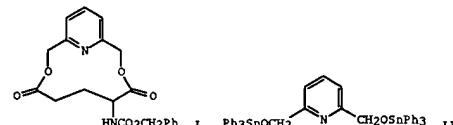
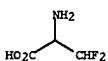
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 109537-90-8 CAPLUS
CN Butanoic acid, 3-amino-4-chloro-4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109584-01-2 CAPLUS
CN Alanine, 3,3-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Glutamic acid macrocyclic dilactone I was prepared by cyclizing PhCH2CO2NHCH(COF)CH2CH2CO2P with tin compound II in benzene. Cystine macrocyclic dilactones III (R = H, NO2) were prepared similarly from the corresponding cystine difluorides and II. Complexing properties of I with cations were examined

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:113901 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:113901

TITLE: Chiral macrocyclic dilactones derived from amino acids. Synthesis aided by organotin compounds; complexing properties

AUTHOR(S): Picard, C.; Cazaux, L.; Tisnes, P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Synth. Physicochim. Org., Univ. Paul Sabatier,

SOURCE: Toulouse, 31062, Fr.

JOURNAL: Tetrahedron Letters (1984), 25(35), 3809-12

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

IT 95107-91-8P 95107-92-9P 95107-93-0P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and cyclization of, with bis[(triphenylstannyl)oxy]pyridine, macrocyclic dilactone from)

RN 95107-91-8 CAPLUS

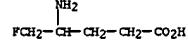
CN Carbanic acid, [4-(fluorocarbonyl)-4-oxobutyl]-, phenylmethyl ester, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

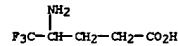
IT 70960-97-3 70961-08-9 78347-71-4
105457-53-2 105457-58-7
RL: PROC (Process)
(resolution of, by gas chromatog. as N-pentafluoropropionyl Et esters on Chirasil-Val, HPLC in relation to)

RN 70960-97-3 CAPLUS

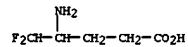
CN Pentanoic acid, 4-amino-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



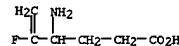
RN 70961-08-9 CAPLUS
CN Pentanoic acid, 4-amino-5,5,5-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



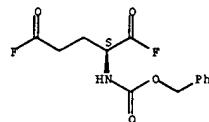
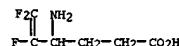
RN 78347-71-4 CAPLUS
CN Pentanoic acid, 4-amino-5,5-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 105457-53-2 CAPLUS
CN 5-Hexenoic acid, 4-amino-5-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

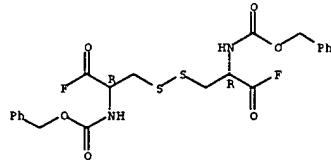


RN 105457-58-7 CAPLUS
CN 5-Hexenoic acid, 4-amino-5,6,6-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



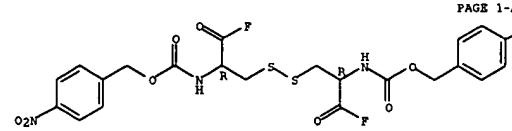
RN 95107-92-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Oxa-7,8-dithia-4,11-diazadodecan-12-oic acid, 5,10-bis(fluorocarbonyl)-3-oxo-1-phenyl-, phenylmethyl ester, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



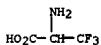
RN 95107-93-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Oxa-7,8-dithia-4,11-diazadodecan-12-oic acid, 5,10-bis(fluorocarbonyl)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)-3-oxo-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester, (R-(R*,R*))- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

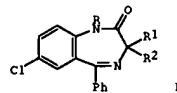


L10 ANSWER 88 OF 90 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The separation of the enantiomers of underivatized amino acids can be easily realized by reversed-phase chromatog. with a chiral eluent. The eluent contains small concns. of Cu(II)-L-phenylalanine, N-methyl-, or N,N-dimethyl-L-phenylalanine complexes; the amino acids are separated via diastereomeric complexes by ligand-exchange chromatog. The retention of the amino acids is determined by the equilibrium of ligand-exchange and by hydrophobic interaction. The selectivity is strongly affected by pH value, the proportion of organic modifier, and the ionic strength. Rapid mass-transfer provides high column efficiency and, using short columns, chiral resolution can be achieved in less than 20 s. The application area is described which also involves the separation of α -hydroxy carboxylic acids.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:109152 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:109152
 TITLE: Separation of underivatized amino acid enantiomers by means of a chiral solvent-generated phase
 AUTHOR(S): Wernicke, Rainer
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Reagents Div., E. Merck, Darmstadt, D-6100, Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Journal of Chromatographic Science (1985), 23(1), 39-47
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 17463-43-3
 RL: PROC (Process)
 (resolution of, by ligand-exchange chromatog. with chiral solvent-generated phase)
 RN 17463-43-3 CAPLUS
 CN Alanine, 3,3,3-trifluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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AB Alkylation of benzodiazepinones I ($R = H, Me, CHMePh$; $R1 = R2 = H$) gave I ($R1 = CO_2Et, Me, Et, CH_2Ph, R2 = H$), which underwent H-D exchange to give I ($R2 = D$). I ($R = H, R1 = CO_2Et, R2 = D$) was reduced with NaAlEt₂H to give I ($R = H, R1 = CH_2OH, R2 = D$), which was silylated and fluorinated to give I ($R = H, R1 = CH_2F, R2 = D$). Alkaline hydrolysis of the latter compound

gave (+)-HO₂CCD(NH₂)CH₂F.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:497753 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:97753
 TITLE: Chiral 1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, template for enantioselective synthesis of α -amino acids and their α -deutero congeners
 AUTHOR(S): Decorte, Enio; Toso, Roberto; Segà, Alessandro;
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sunjic, Vitoimir; Ruzic-Toros, Zivari Kojic-Prodic, Biserka; Bresciani-Pahor, Nevenka; Nardin, Giorgio;
 SOURCE: Randaccio, Lucio
 CRC, Chem. Res. Co., Italy
 Helvetica Chimica Acta (1981), 64(4), 1145-9
 CODEN: HCACAV ISSN: 0018-019X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 95:97753
 IT 59189-03-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 59189-03-6 CAPLUS
 CN Alanine-2-d, 3-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

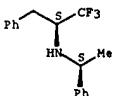


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 AB (S)-(-)-PhCHMeNH₂ with ketones PhCOCF₃, PhCH₂COCF₃, or PhCO(CF₃)₂CF₃ gave the chiral imines, which were reduced to the amines, e.g., with (MeOCH₂CH₂O)ZnLi. Hydrogenolysis of chiral amine PhCH(CF₃)NHCHMePh over Pd on charcoal gave (S)-(+)-PhCH(CF₃)NH₂ (I). The diastereoisomeric carbamates derived from I and chloroformates of (R)-(-)-menthol or (R)-(-)-2-octanol showed greater chromatog. separation

and an inverted elution order compared to nonfluorinated analogs.

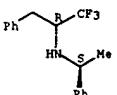
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:452888 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:52888
 TITLE: Design of chiral derivatizing agents for the chromatographic resolution of optical isomers. Asymmetric synthesis of some chiral fluoroalkylated amines
 AUTHOR(S): Pirkle, W. H.; Hauske, J. R.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem. Sci., Univ. Illinois, Urbana, IL, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1977), 42(14), 2436-9
 CODEN: JOCEAH ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 62198-03-2P 62198-04-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 62198-03-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzenethanamine, N-(1-phenylethyl)- α -(trifluoromethyl)-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 62198-04-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzenethanamine, N-(1-phenylethyl)- α -(trifluoromethyl)-, [S-(R*,R*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



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